



# **USGS – USACE – CPRA Collaboration on Coastal Louisiana Airborne LiDAR Acquisition**

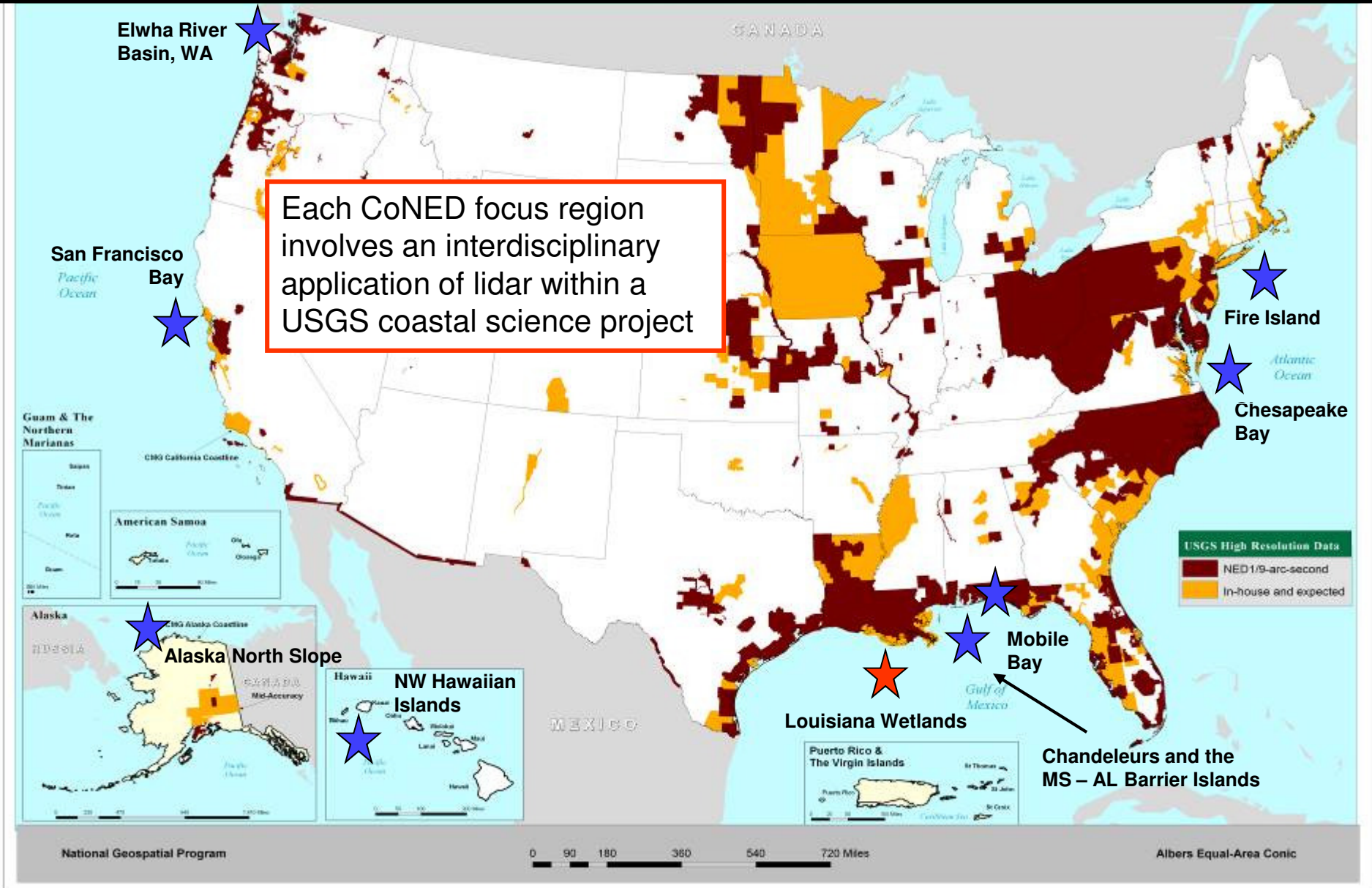
*Presented by Jeffrey Danielson, USGS EROS Data Center, Sioux Falls, SD  
John C. Brock, USGS Coastal and Marine Geology Program, Reston, VA  
Monica Palaseanu, USGS St Petersburg Coastal and Marine Science Center, St. Petersburg, FL  
John Barras, USGS Eastern Geographic Science Center, Reston, VA*

*International LiDAR Mapping Forum, Denver USA, January 23 – 25, 2012*

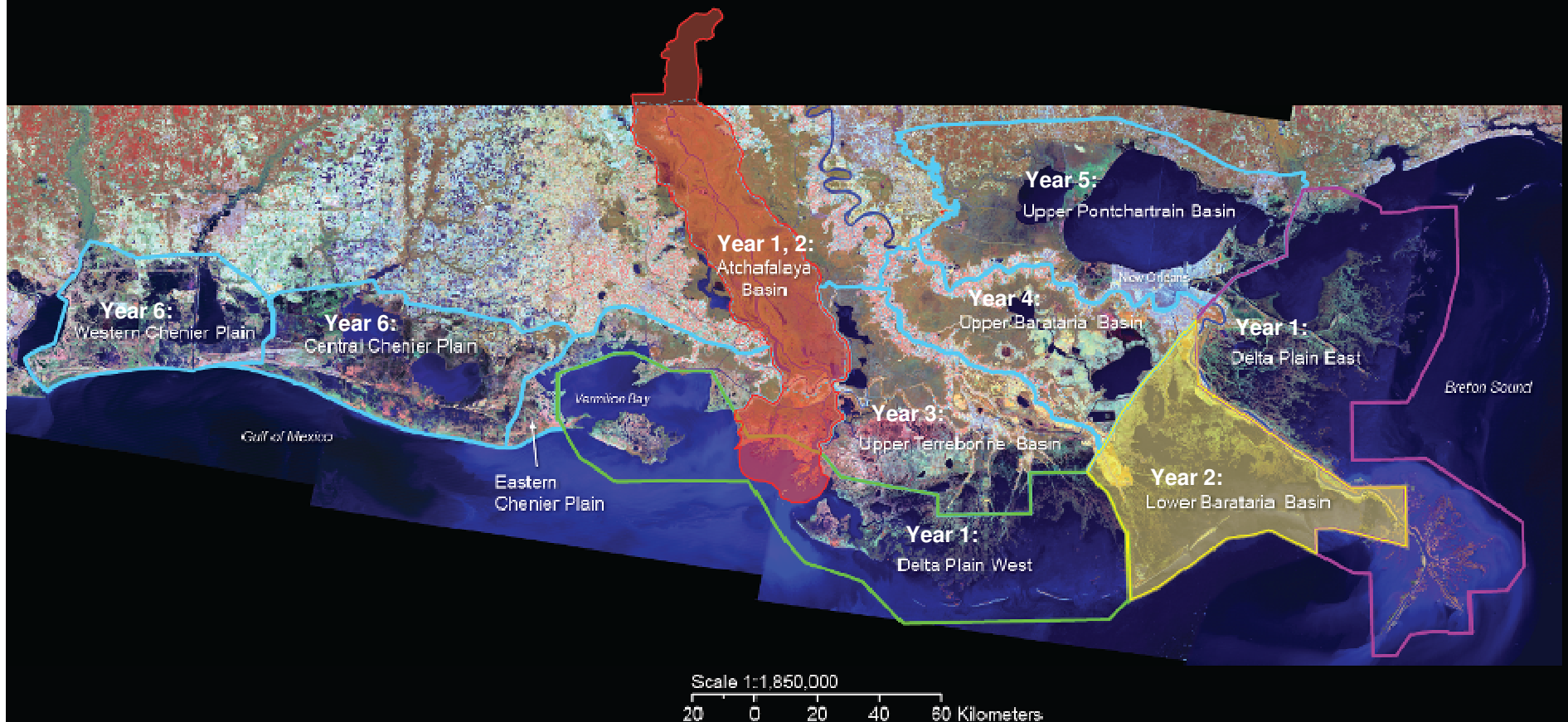
# Topics

- **Plan for a multi-year program of airborne lidar acquisition to cover all of coastal Louisiana**
- **Results from the Winter 2010 – 2011 airborne lidar survey of the Atchafalaya Basin**
- **Exploration of the viability of lidar-based mapping and monitoring of levees across the Mississippi River Delta Plain and the Atchafalaya Basin**
- **Mission: This project is intended to support both the prediction and modeling of wetland loss and the coastal protection and restoration community in Louisiana**

# Coastal National Elevation Dataset (CoNED) Focus Regions



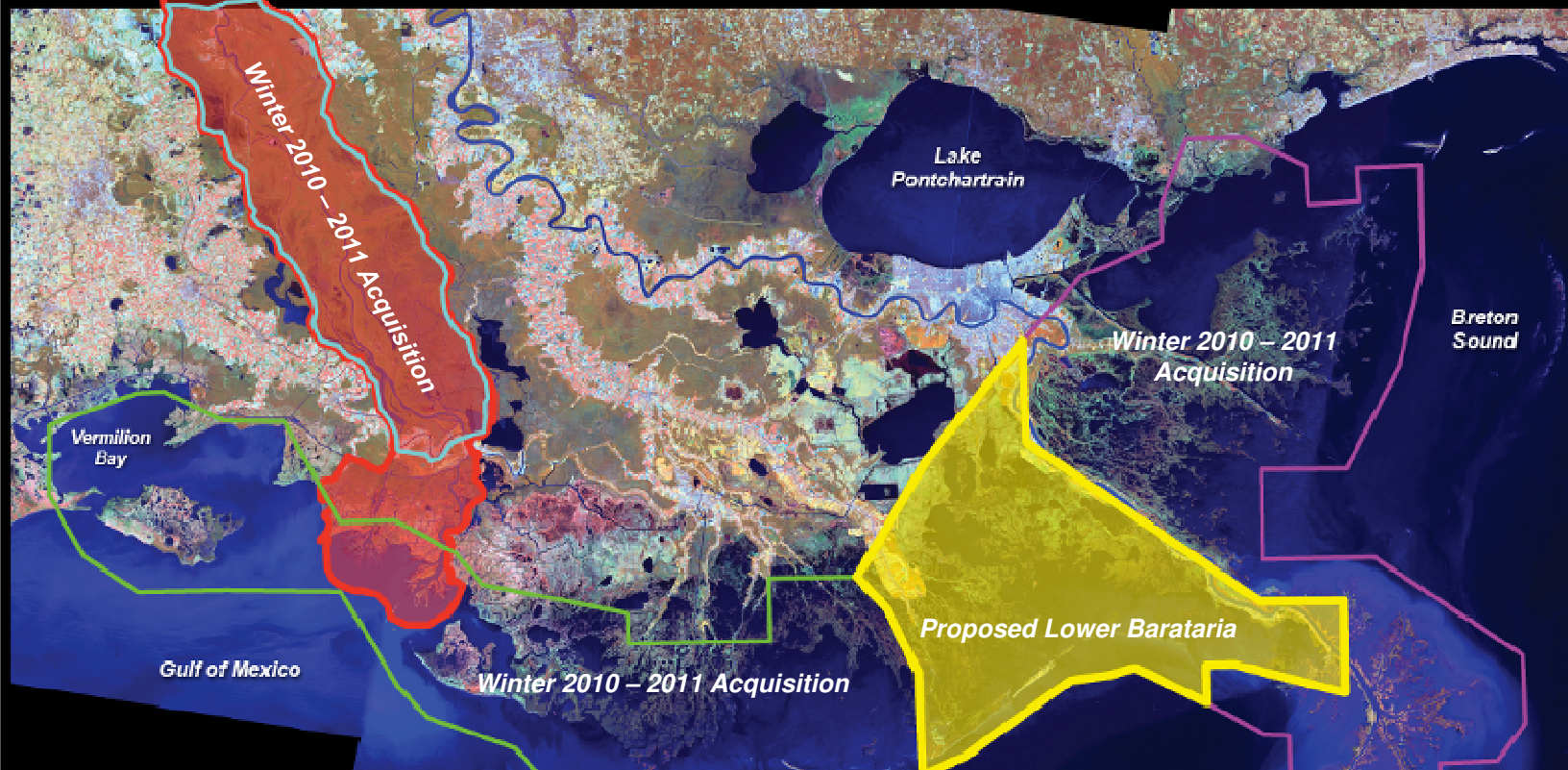
# Plan for a ~6 Year Program of Airborne Lidar Acquisition to Cover All of South Louisiana



- Atchafalaya basin acquired december 2010, released in february 2010
- Mississippi river delta plain west region acquired spring 2011
- Mississippi river delta plain east region acquired spring 2011
- Proposed lower barataria basin acquisition december 2011
- Proposed atchafalaya basin post-flood acquisition december 2011
- Future coastal louisiana acquisitions post-2011

Due to seasonal water level fluctuations and the desire for “leaf-off” conditions, the intent is to mount these lidar collections during 6 consecutive Winter seasons

# Winter 2010 – 2011 and Planned Winter 2011 – 2012 Lidar Acquisitions in South Louisiana



Scale 1:1,750,000  
20 0 20 40 60 Kilometers

- Atchafalaya basin acquired december 2010
- Mississippi river delta plain west region
- Mississippi river delta plain east region
- Proposed lower barataria basin lidar acquisition
- Proposed atchafalaya basin post-flood lidar acquisition

## **Results from the December 2010 Lidar Survey of the Atchafalaya Basin Sponsored By USGS**

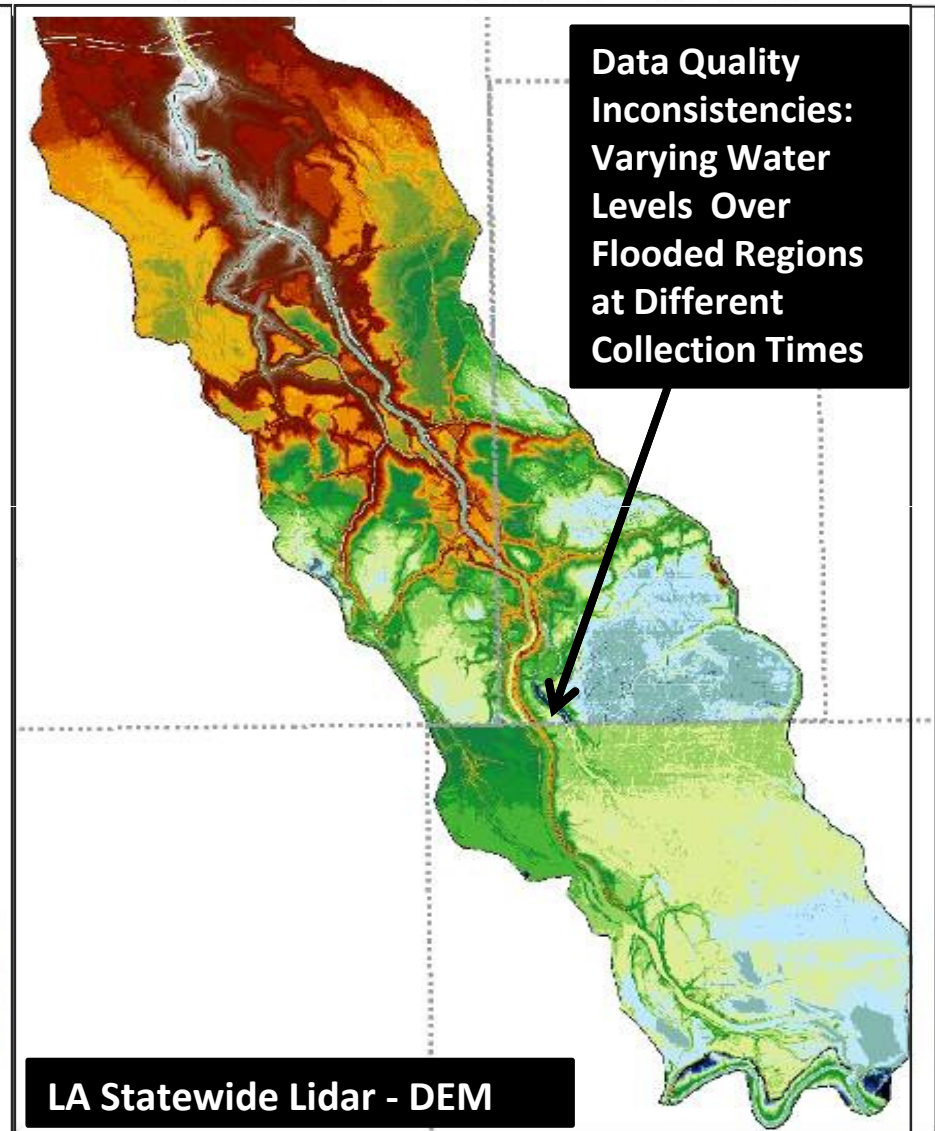
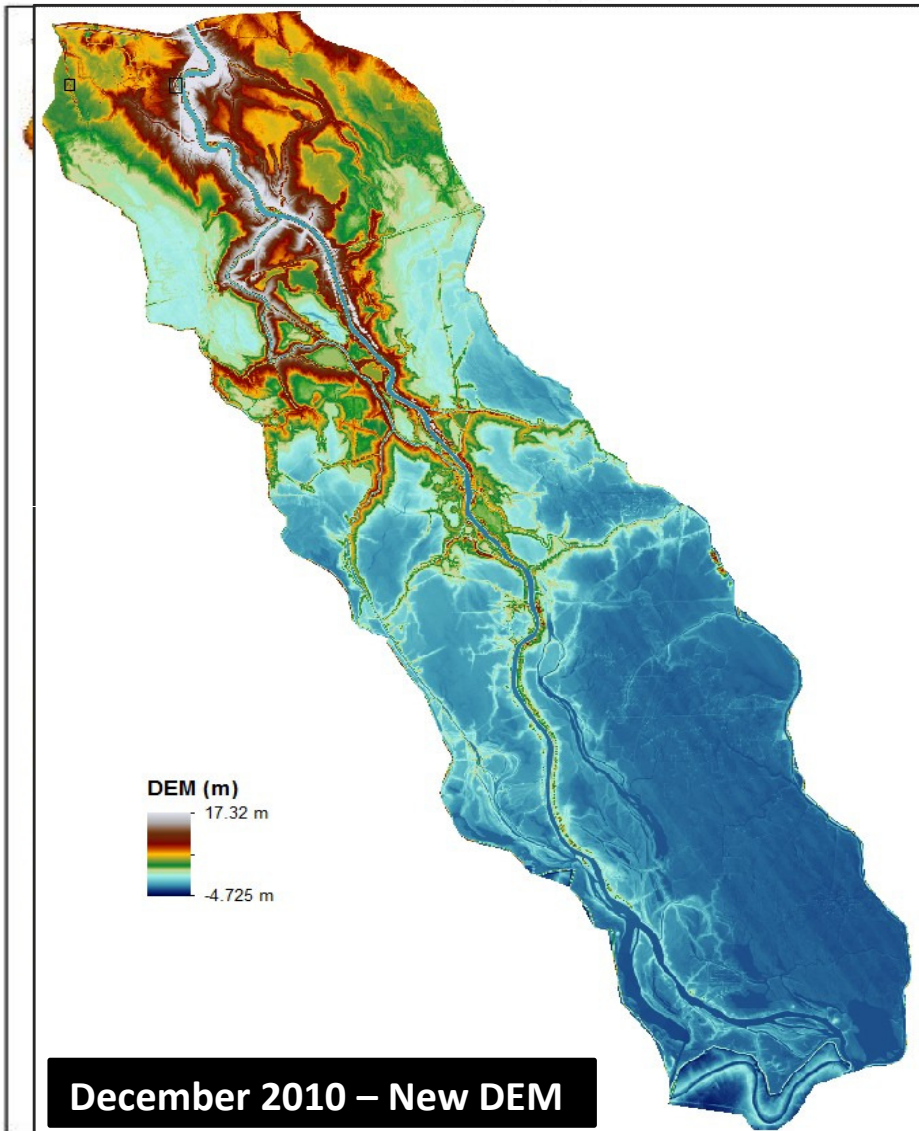


**The Challenge: Define elevations and thereby identify barriers to water flow in the Atchafalaya Basin under variable river stage conditions.**

# Atchafalaya Basin

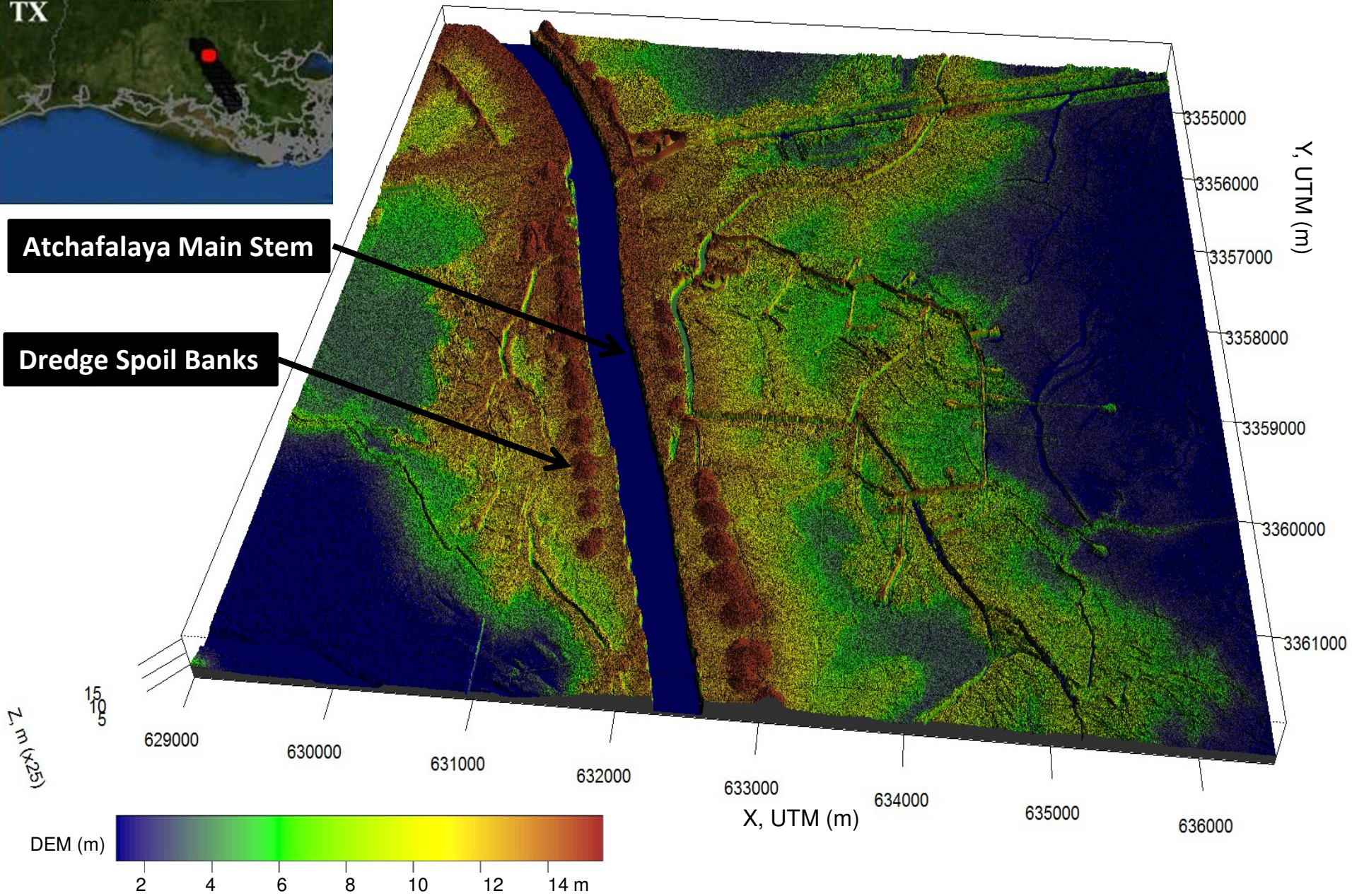
2010

2000/2002/2003





# North Basin Site

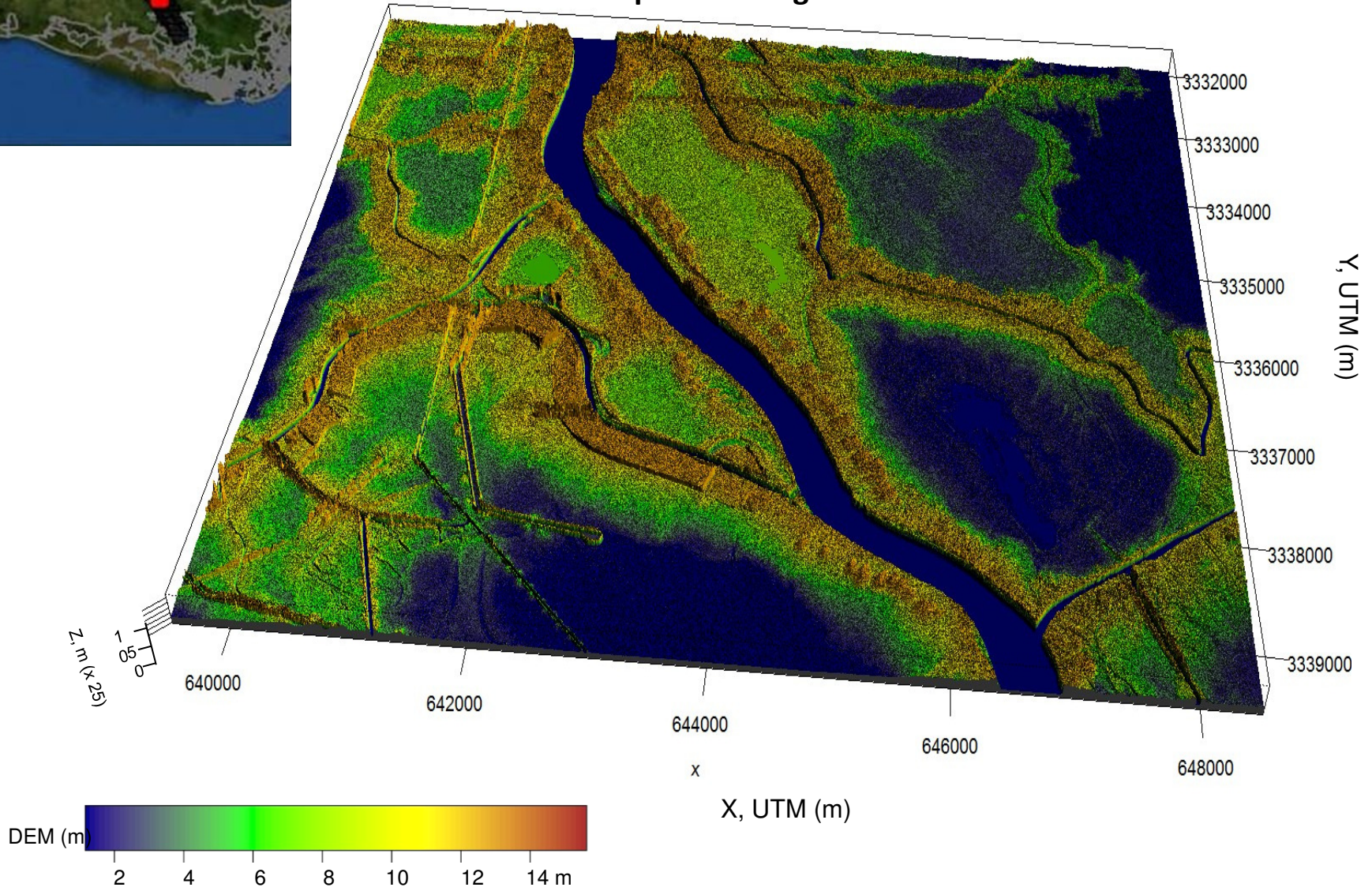






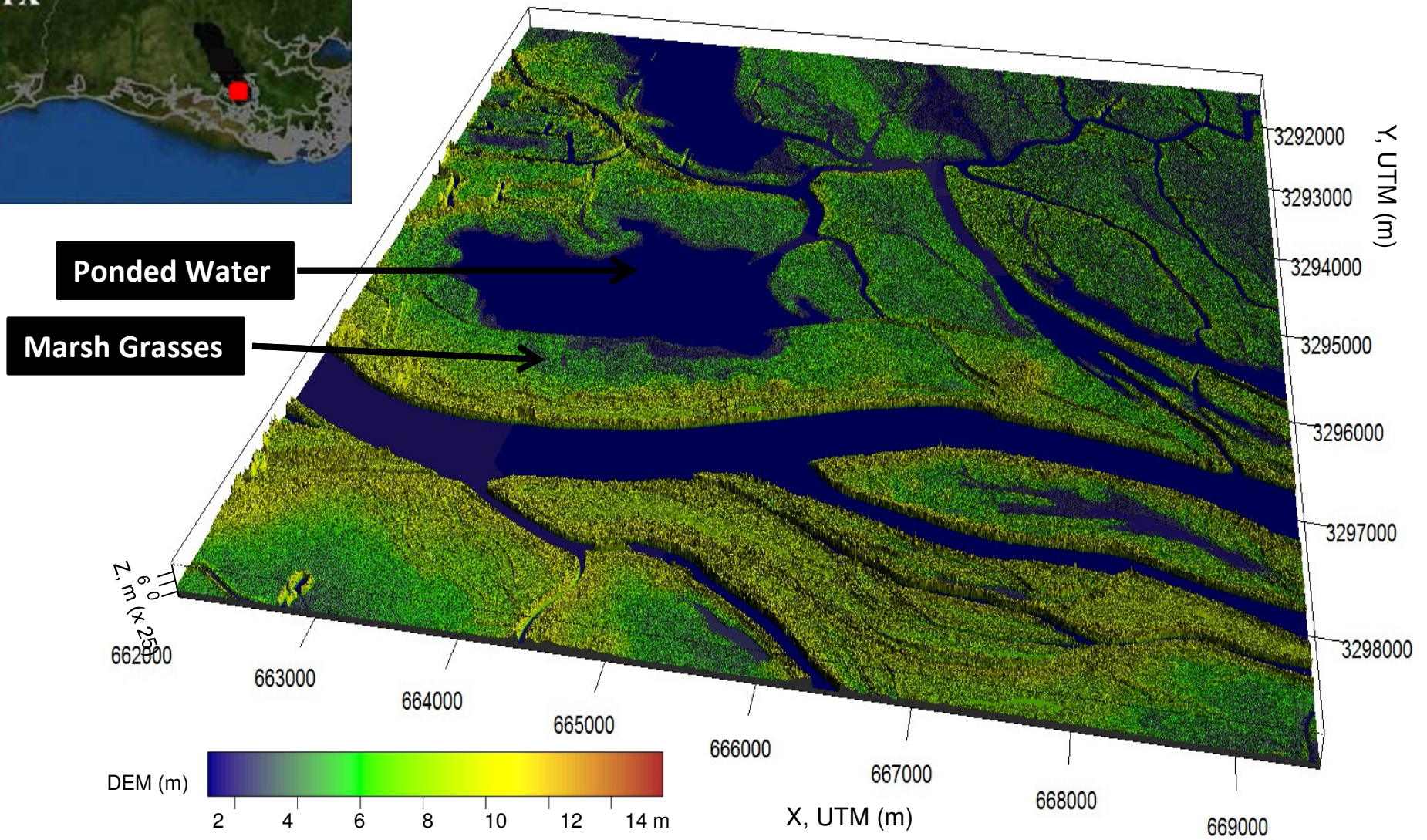
# Central Basin Site

## Complex Drainage Patterns



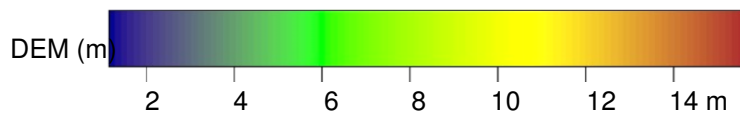
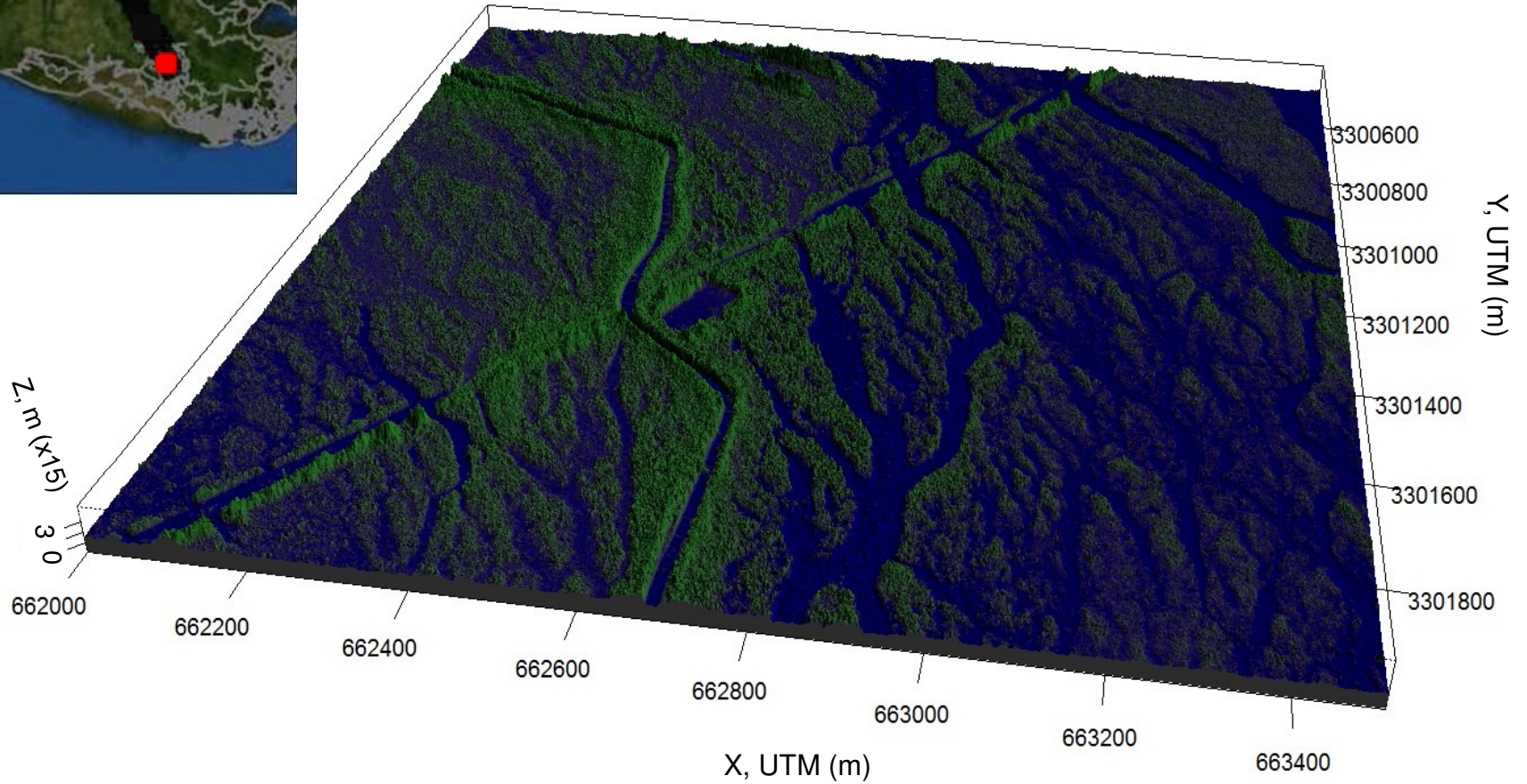


# South Basin Site #1



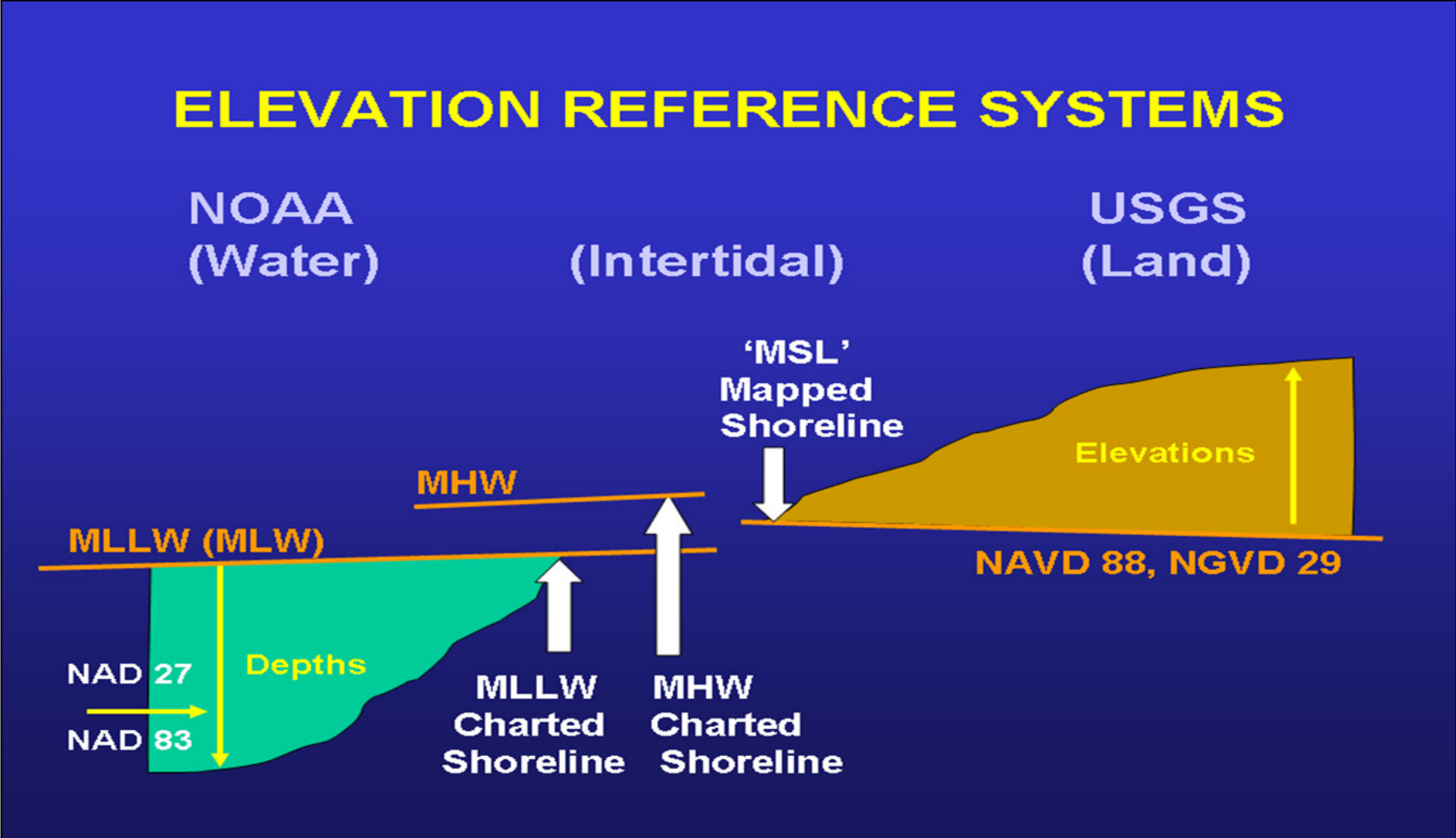


## South Basin Site #2

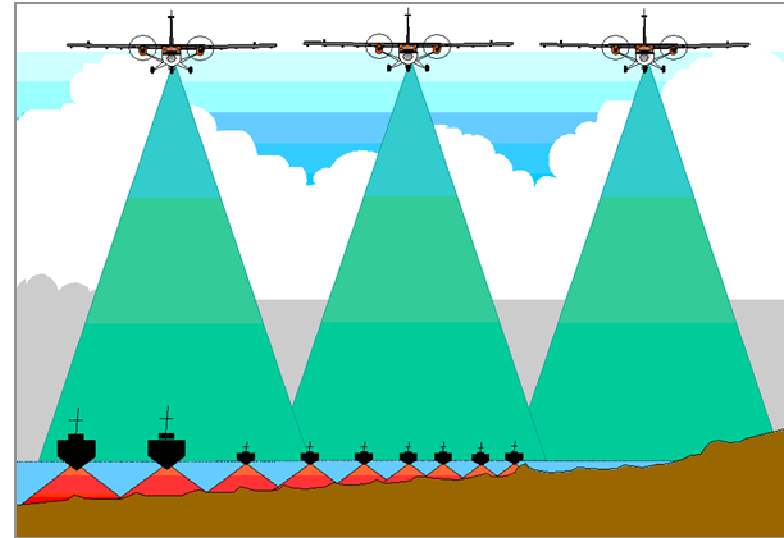
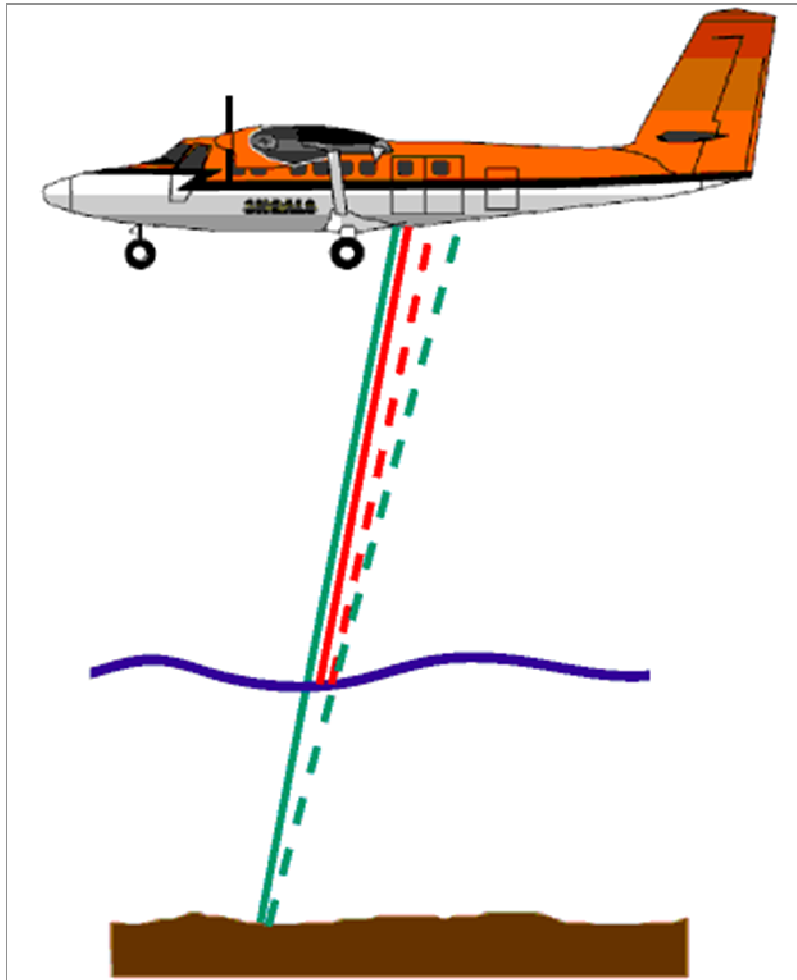


**Terrain is so flat that subtle flightline to flightline biases that are within the target vertical accuracy specification can start to become apparent**

# CoNED – Elevation Reference Systems



# CoNED – Mapping the Coastal Land / Water Interface: Topo/Bathy Lidar Technology



Bathymetric / topographic lidar data along the land/water interface provides up-to-date, high-resolution data in the critical inter-tidal zone.

Topo/bathy lidar data becomes the integrated buffer between the bathymetry and land surface topography

# CoNED – Topo/Bathy Technical Overview

- **Topography – Lidar Point Cloud & DEM**

- Topographic Lidar (Ground Classification)

- **Bathymetric Data Sources**

- Bathymetric Lidar
- Multibeam Acoustic
- Single Beam Acoustic
- Sidescan Sonar
- Hydrographic Soundings

- **Bathymetric Pre-Processing**

- If required, transform soundings from tidally referenced observations into orthometric heights using VDatum
- Remove overlapping bathymetry surveys
- Prioritize surveys based on spatial distribution, point density, and accuracy

- **Develop integrated shoreline from available bathymetry and topography data**

- High-resolution coastline (NAVD88)
- Topo/bathy lidar datasets
- Logical masking of topo/bathy input data
- Interpolation-Gap Fill (Nearshore coastal zone)

- **Lidar (Topography) Geodatabase Ingest**

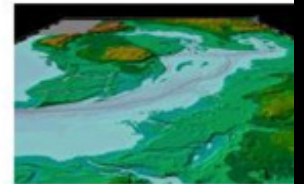
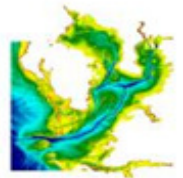
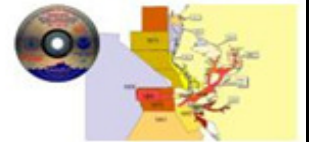
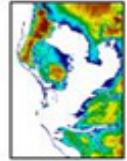
- **Lidar Terrain Creation:**

- Construct terrain data structures from the lidar and integrated shoreline point collections
- Convert terrain data structures into raster surface models

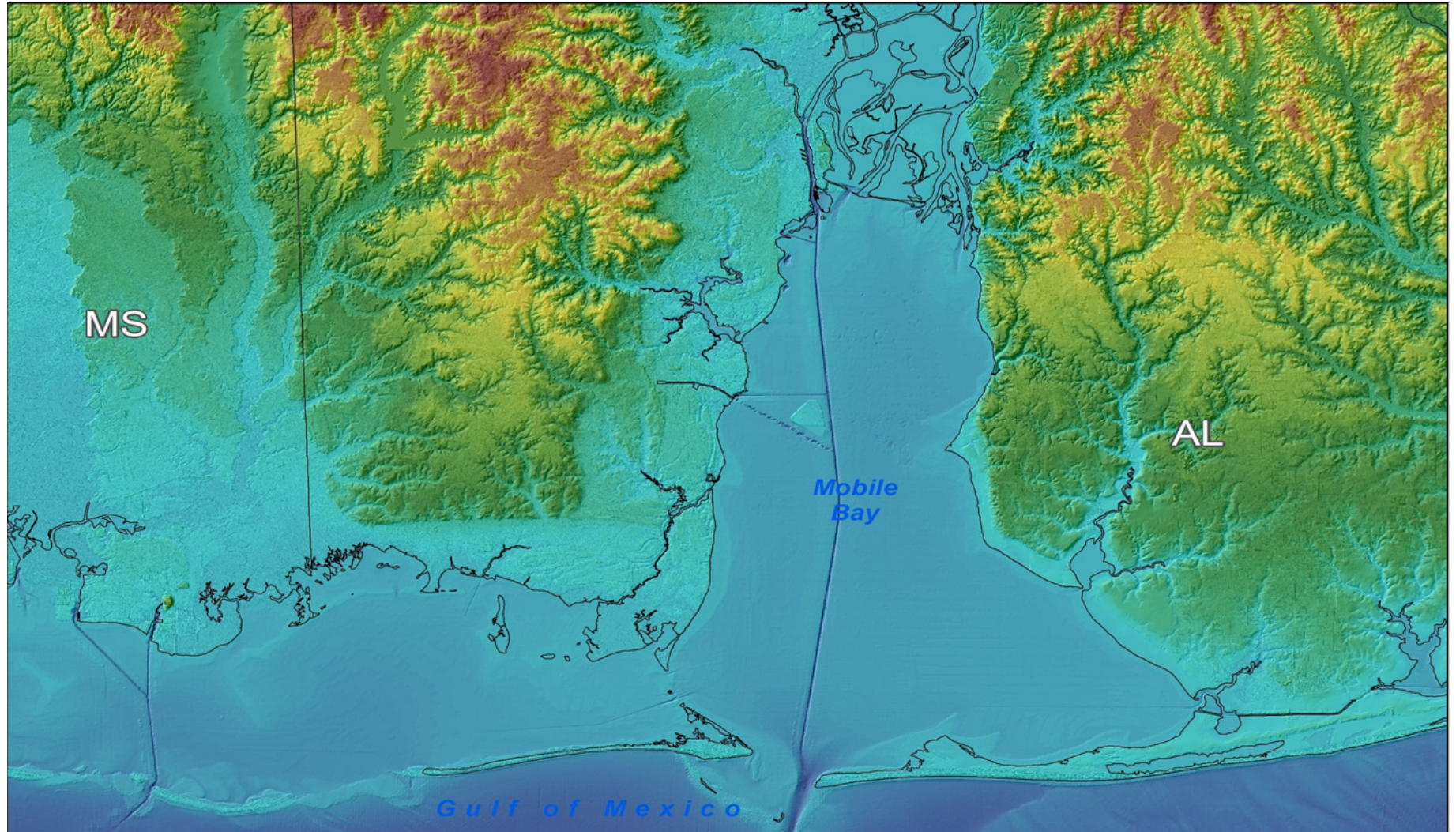
- **Bathymetric Gridding**

- Thin-plate spline / TIN approach
- For gridded bathymetry, employ a smoothing operation to minimize noise effects.

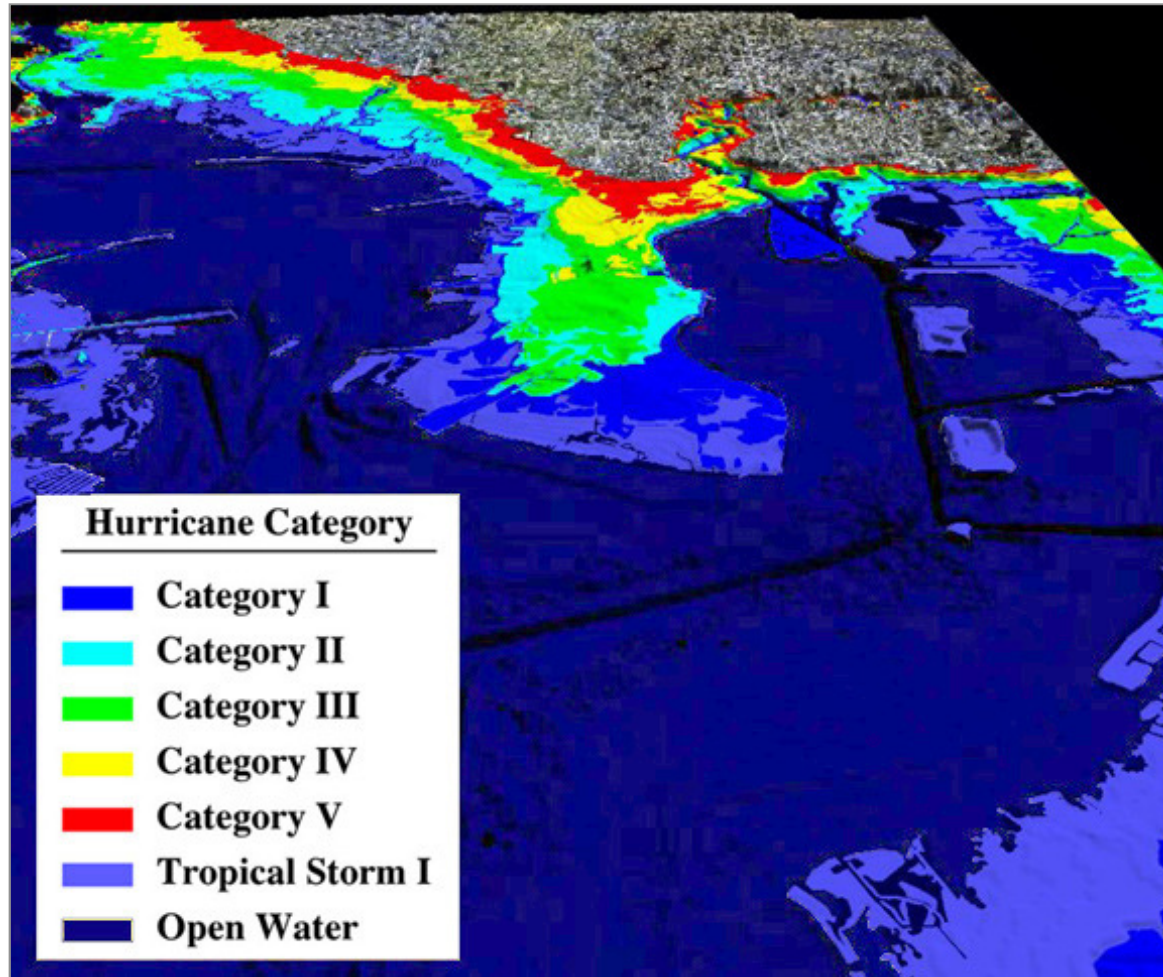
- **Merge the lidar (topography), integrated shoreline, and bathymetry raster models into a single merged raster model**



# Example CoNED Focus Region – Mobile Bay, Alabama 1/9<sup>th</sup> Arc-Second Topobathymetric Elevation Model - Final

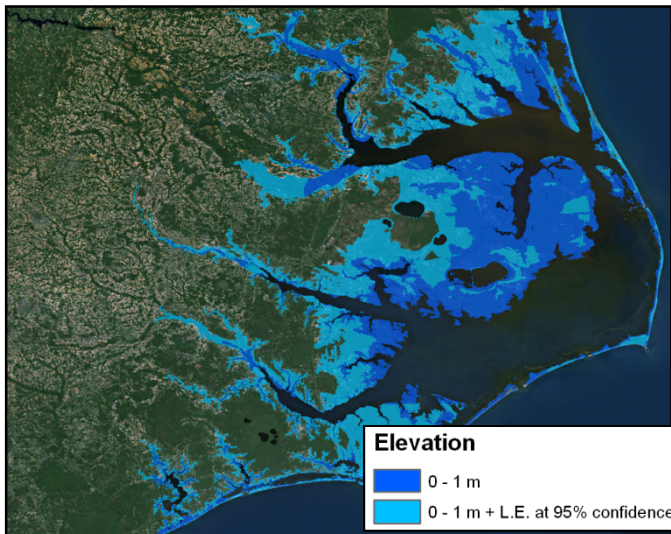


# Topo/Bathy Application: Coastal Storm Surge Modeling

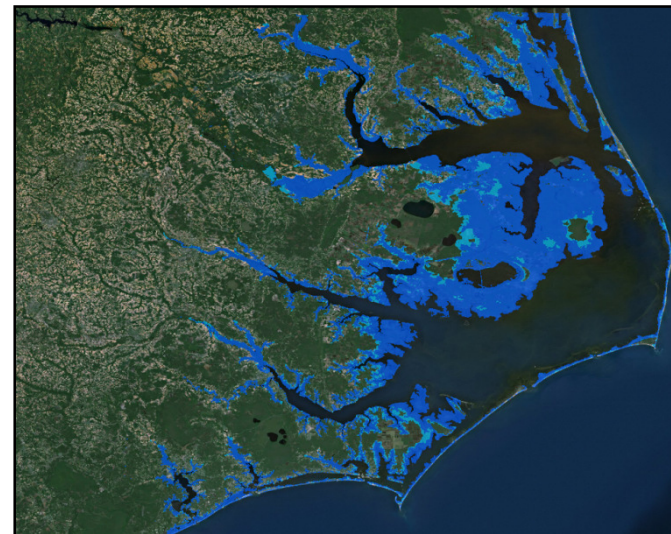




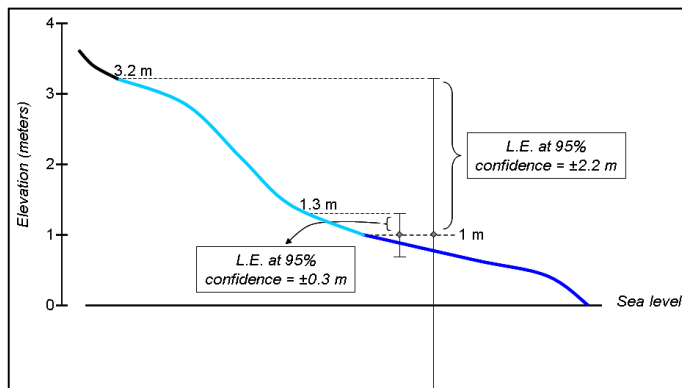
# Topo/Bathy Application: Sea Level Rise (SLR) Modeling



Elevation source for SLR modeling: NED from 30-m DEM



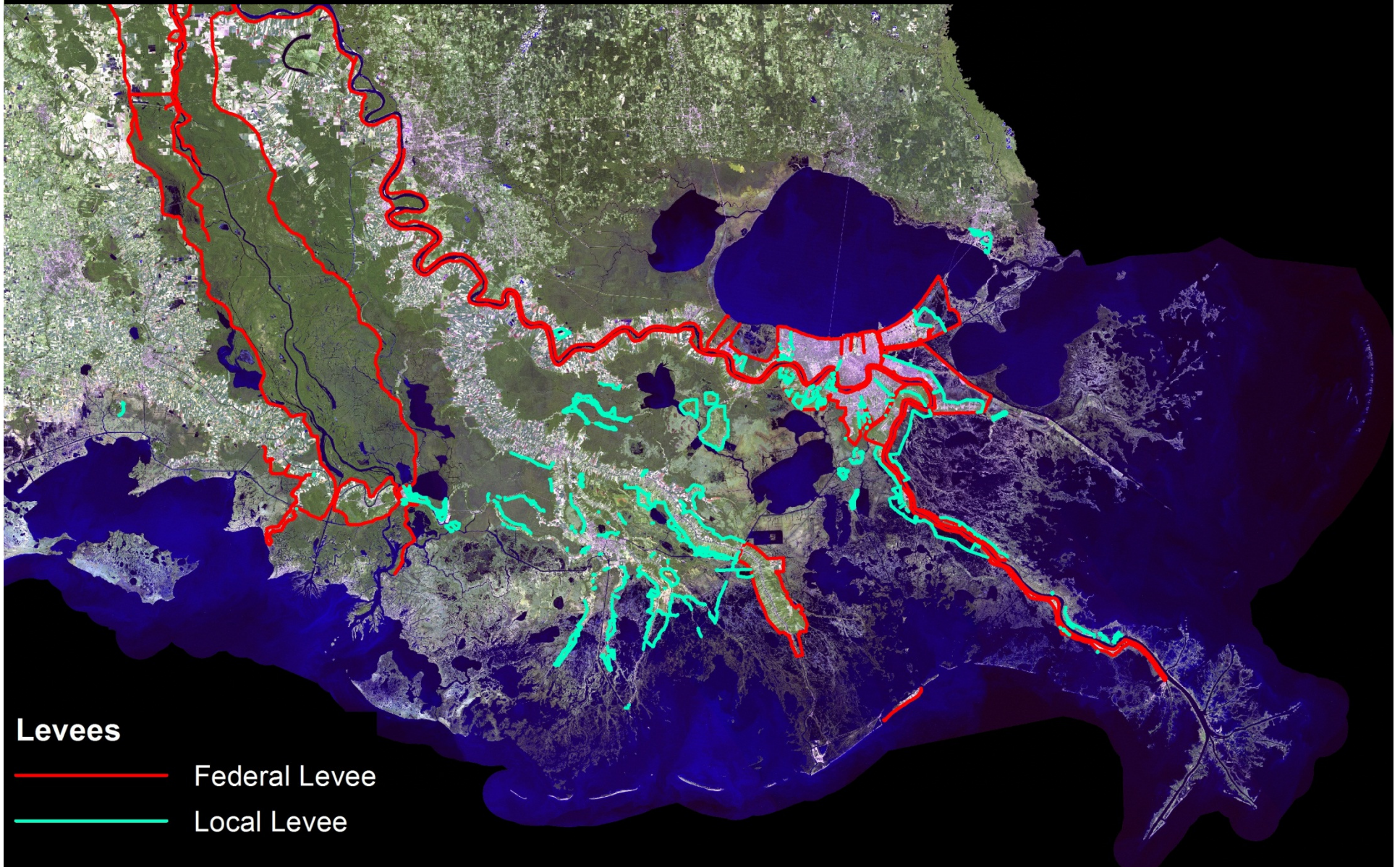
Elevation source for SLR modeling: NED from 3-m lidar data



**Dark blue:** Land  $\leq$  1 meter in elevation

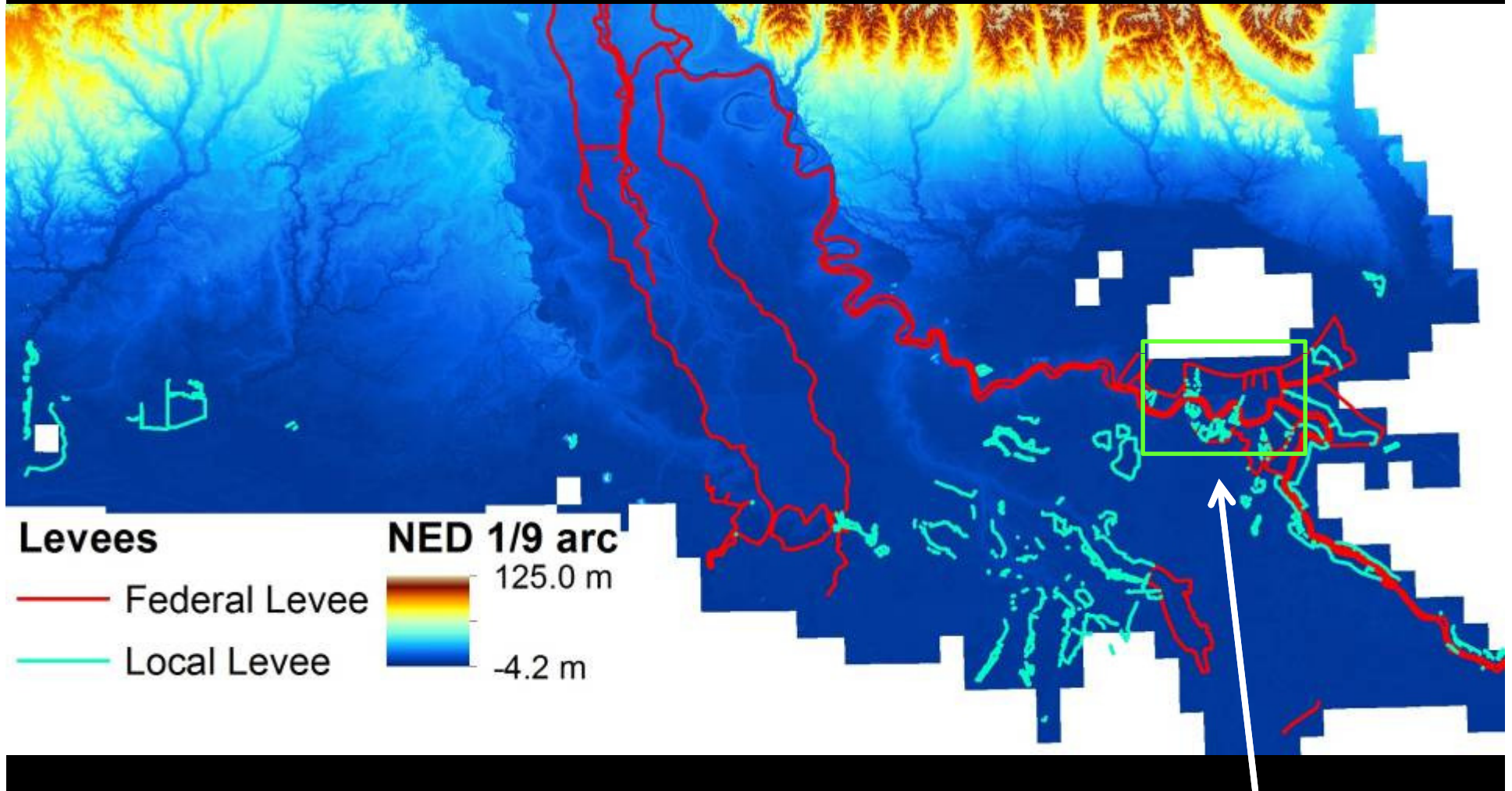
**Light blue:** Area of uncertainty associated with 1 meter elevation

# Lidar-Based Mapping and Monitoring of Levees Across the Mississippi River Delta Plain and Atchafalaya Basin



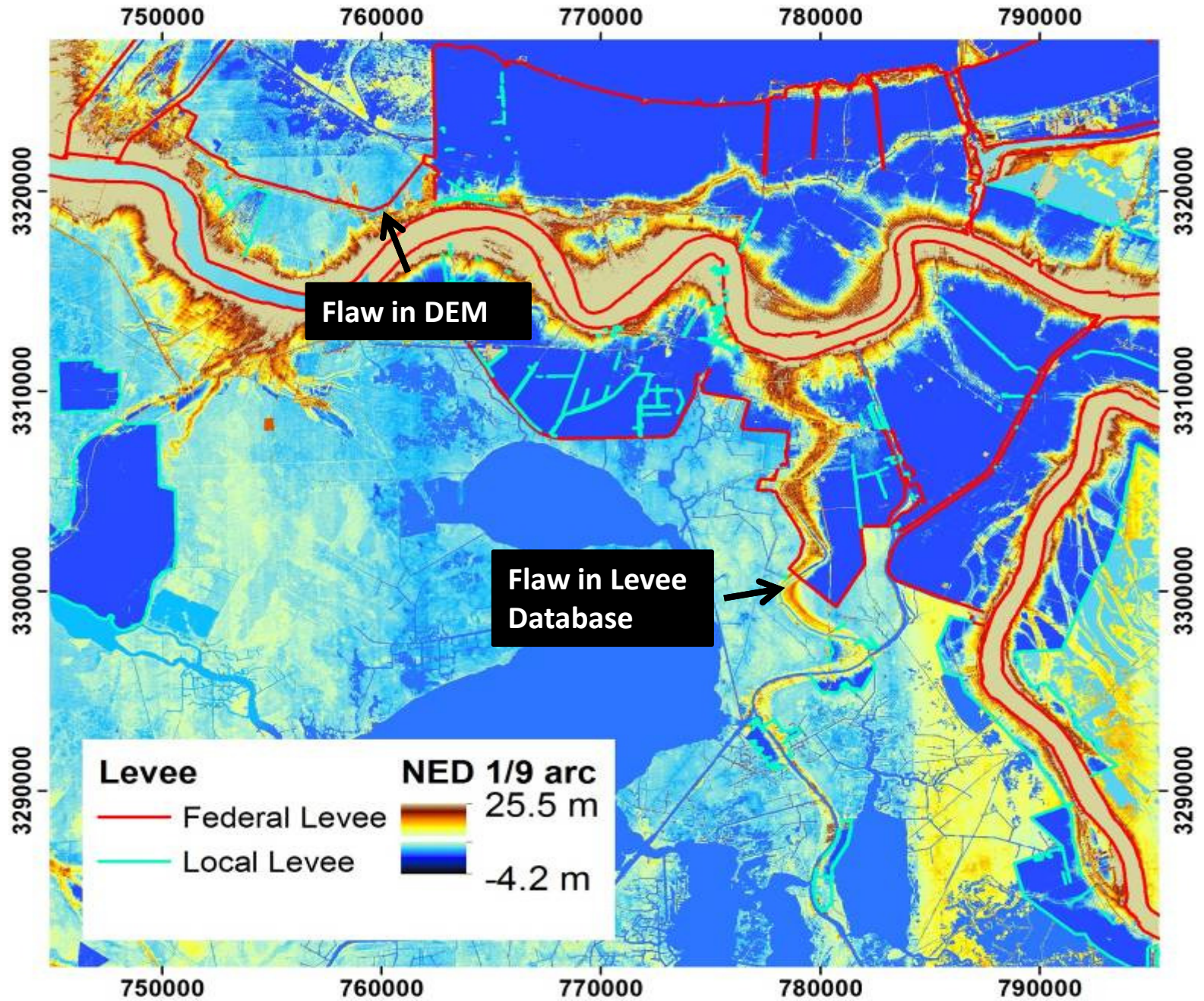


# Can Louisiana Levees Be Mapped Using the Existing Louisiana Lidar Topography Dataset Acquired in 2002 - 2003?



Study Area Around New Orleans

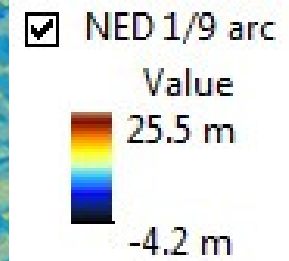
# Existing Statewide Louisiana Lidar – Anomalies



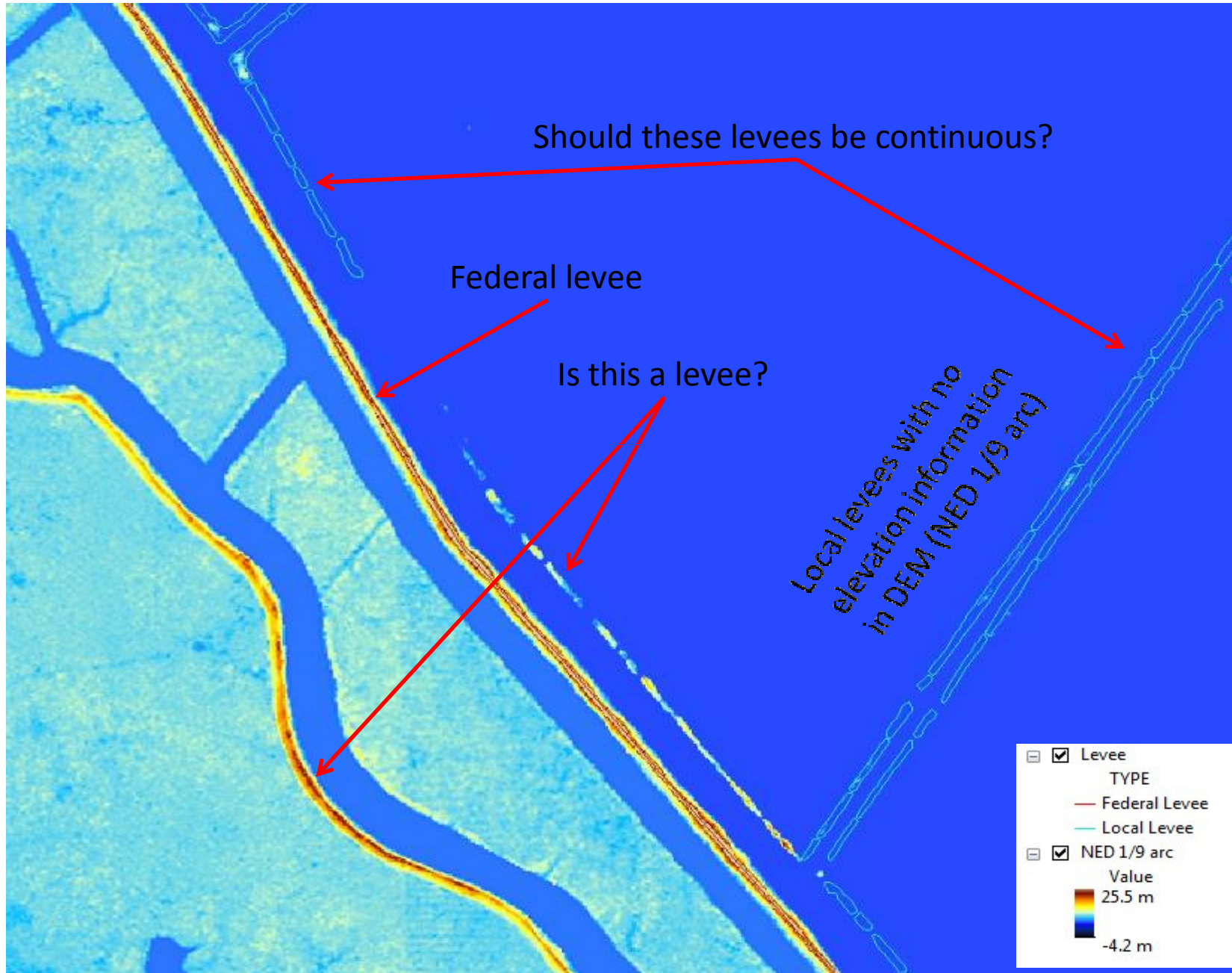
## Existing Statewide Louisiana Lidar – Anomalies

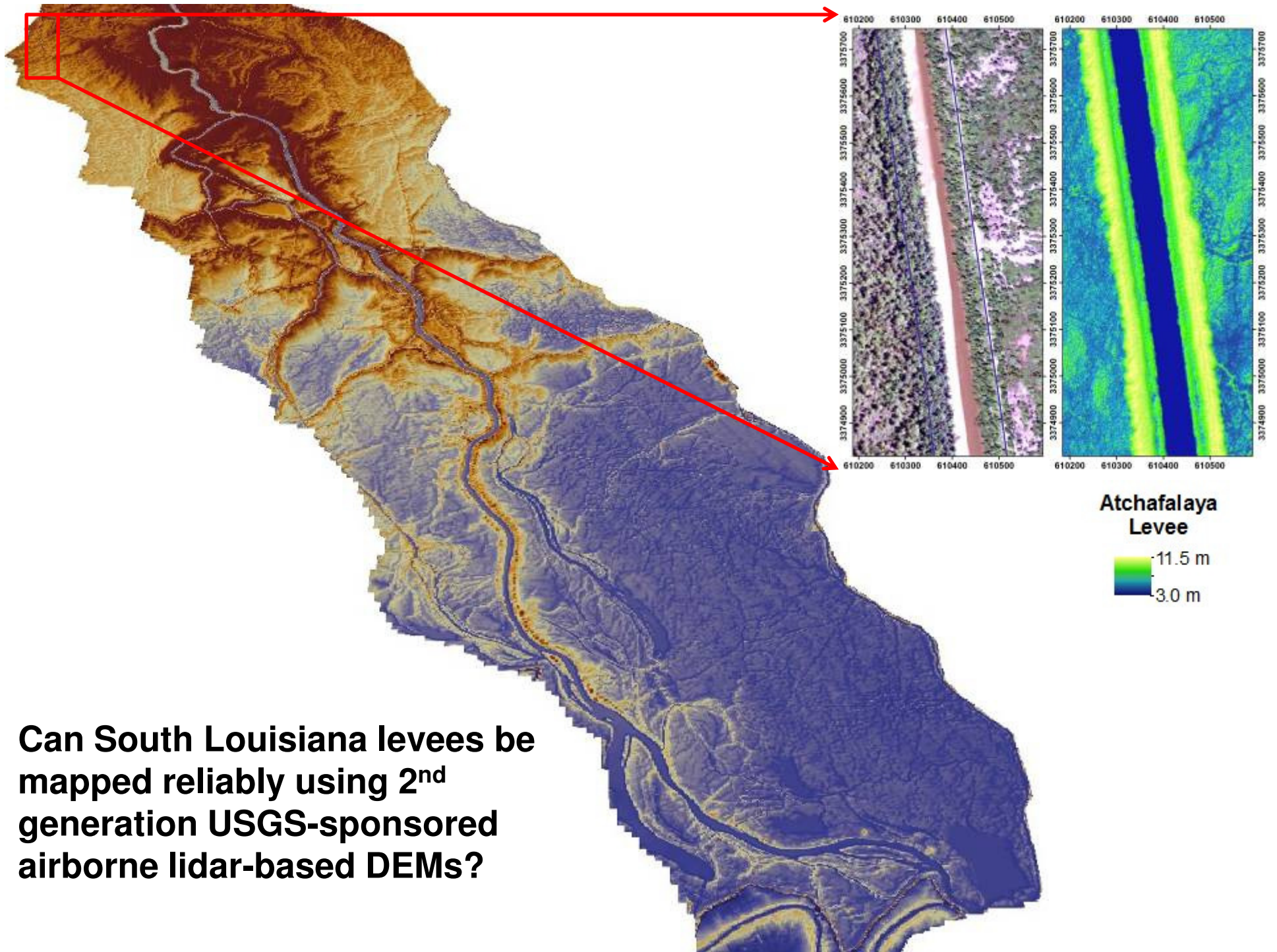
Interior levee boundaries  
are undefined in the DEM

Hydro flattening not applied consistently



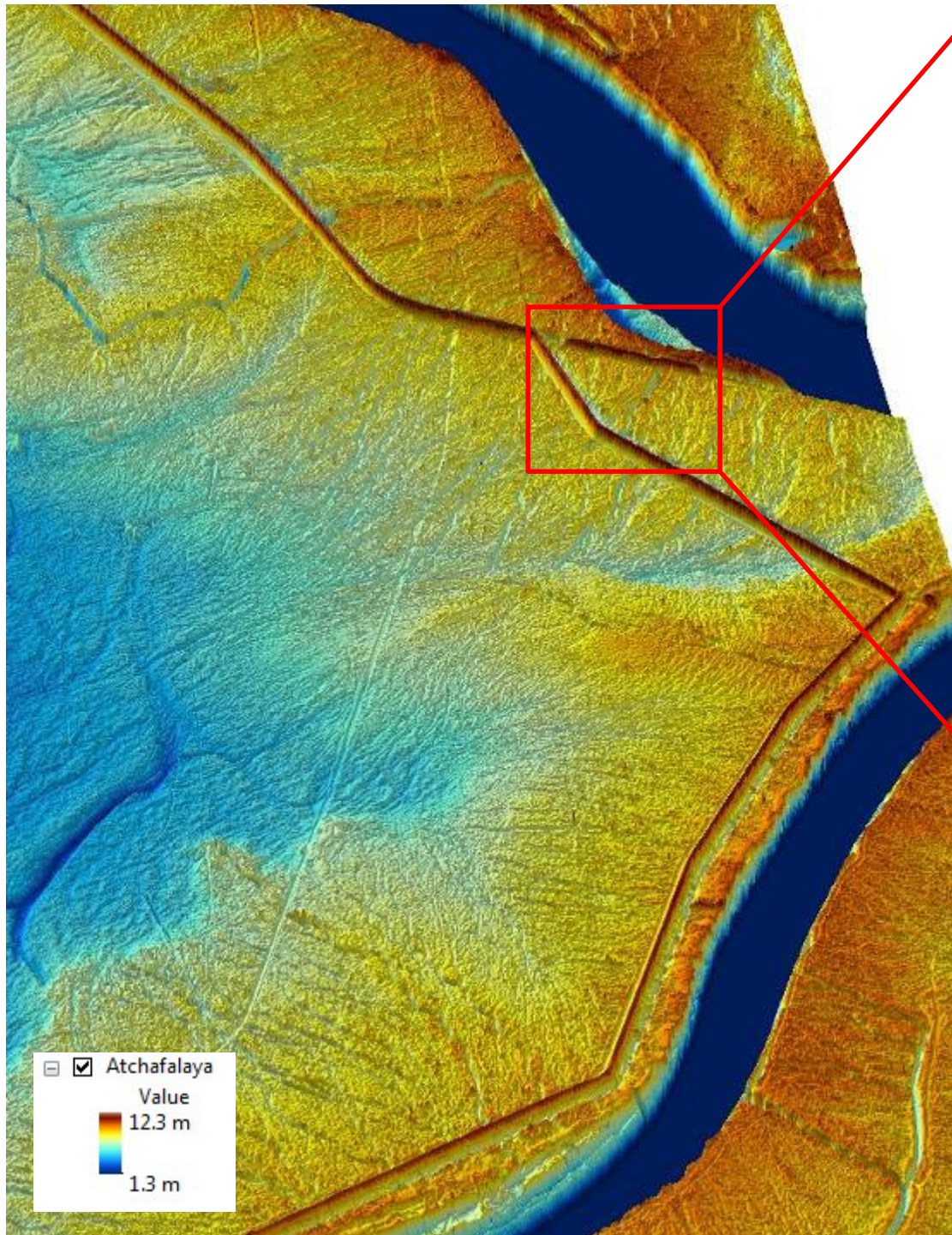
# Existing Statewide Louisiana Lidar – Missing Levees





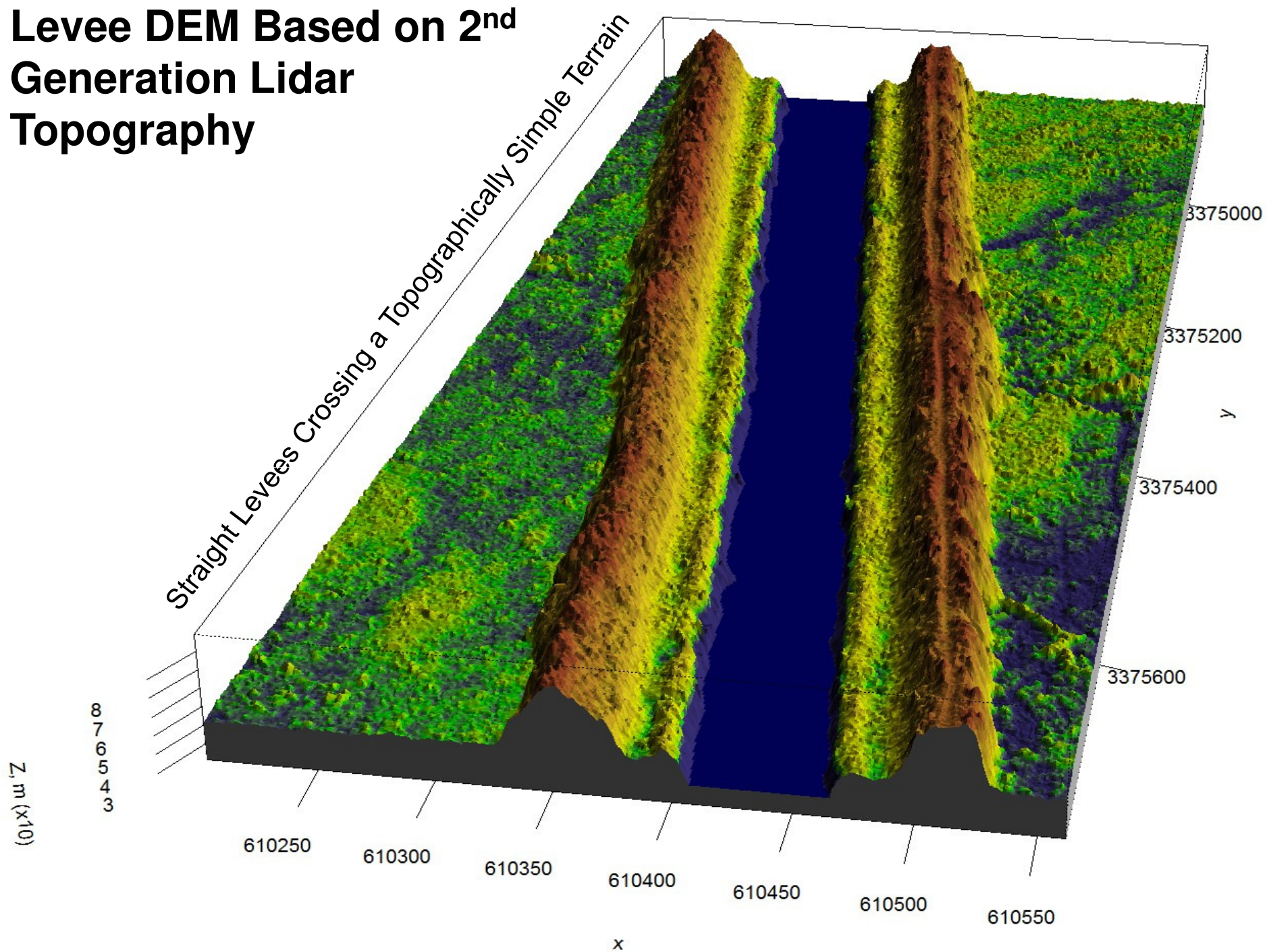
**Can South Louisiana levees be mapped reliably using 2<sup>nd</sup> generation USGS-sponsored airborne lidar-based DEMs?**



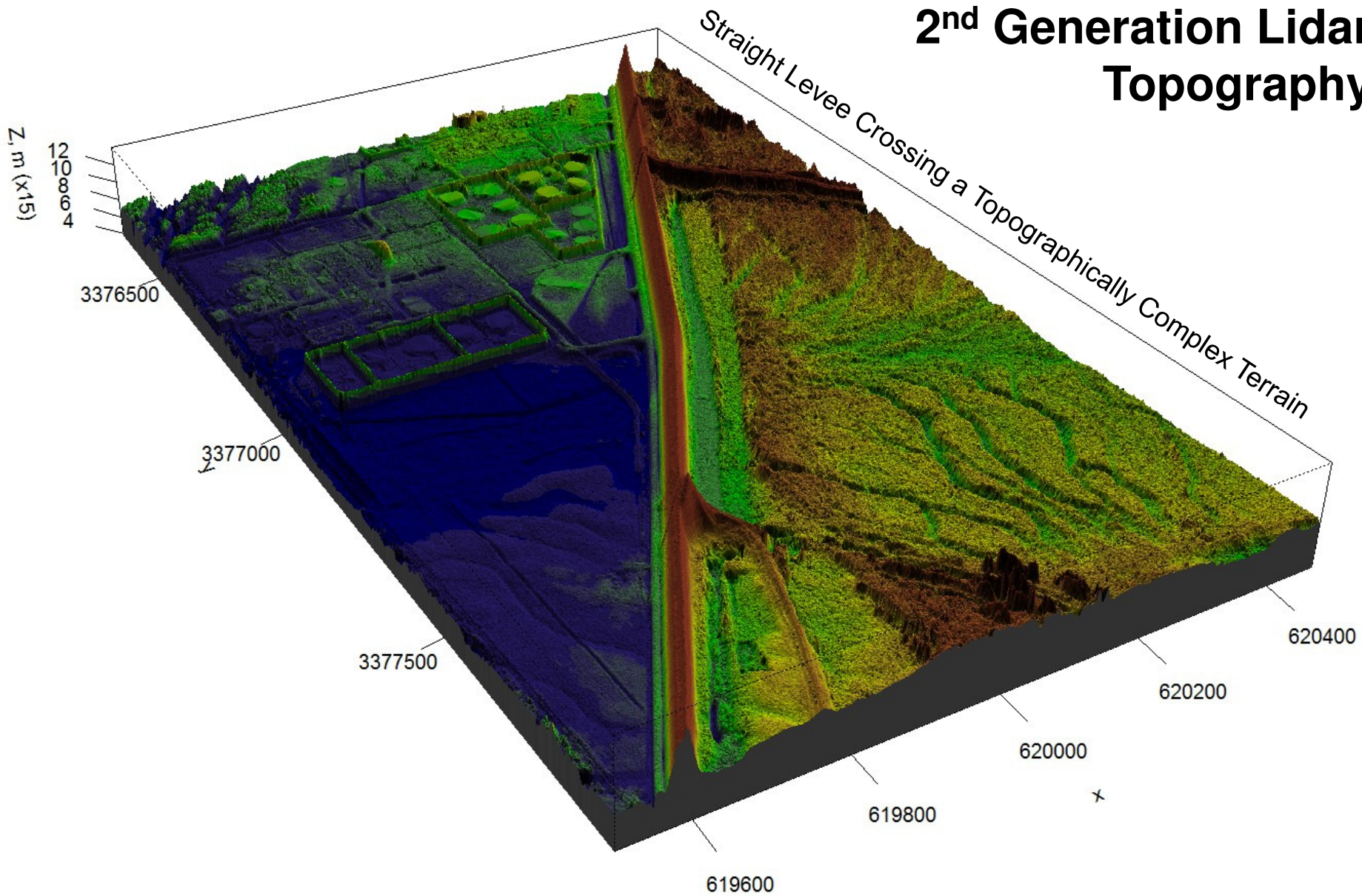


Levees were captured with high fidelity by the Winter 2010 – 2011 airborne lidar survey of the Atchafalaya Basin

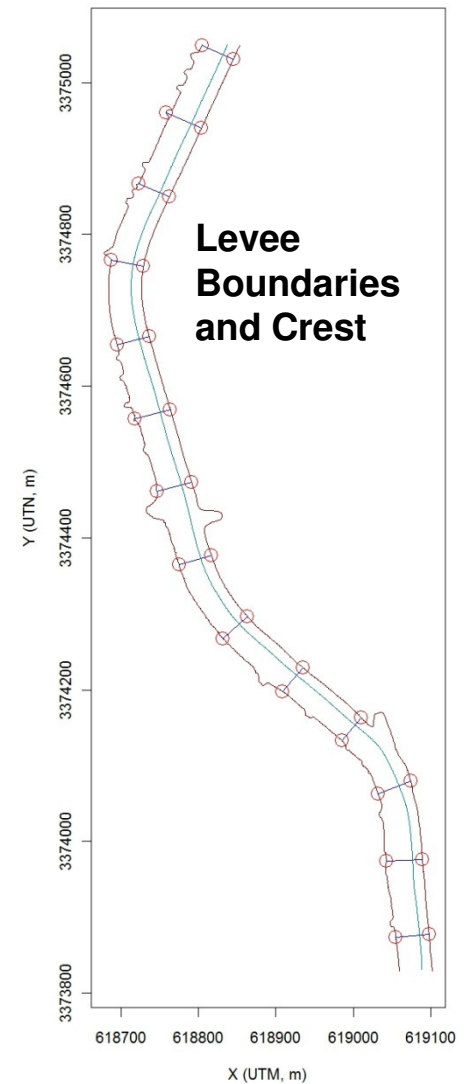
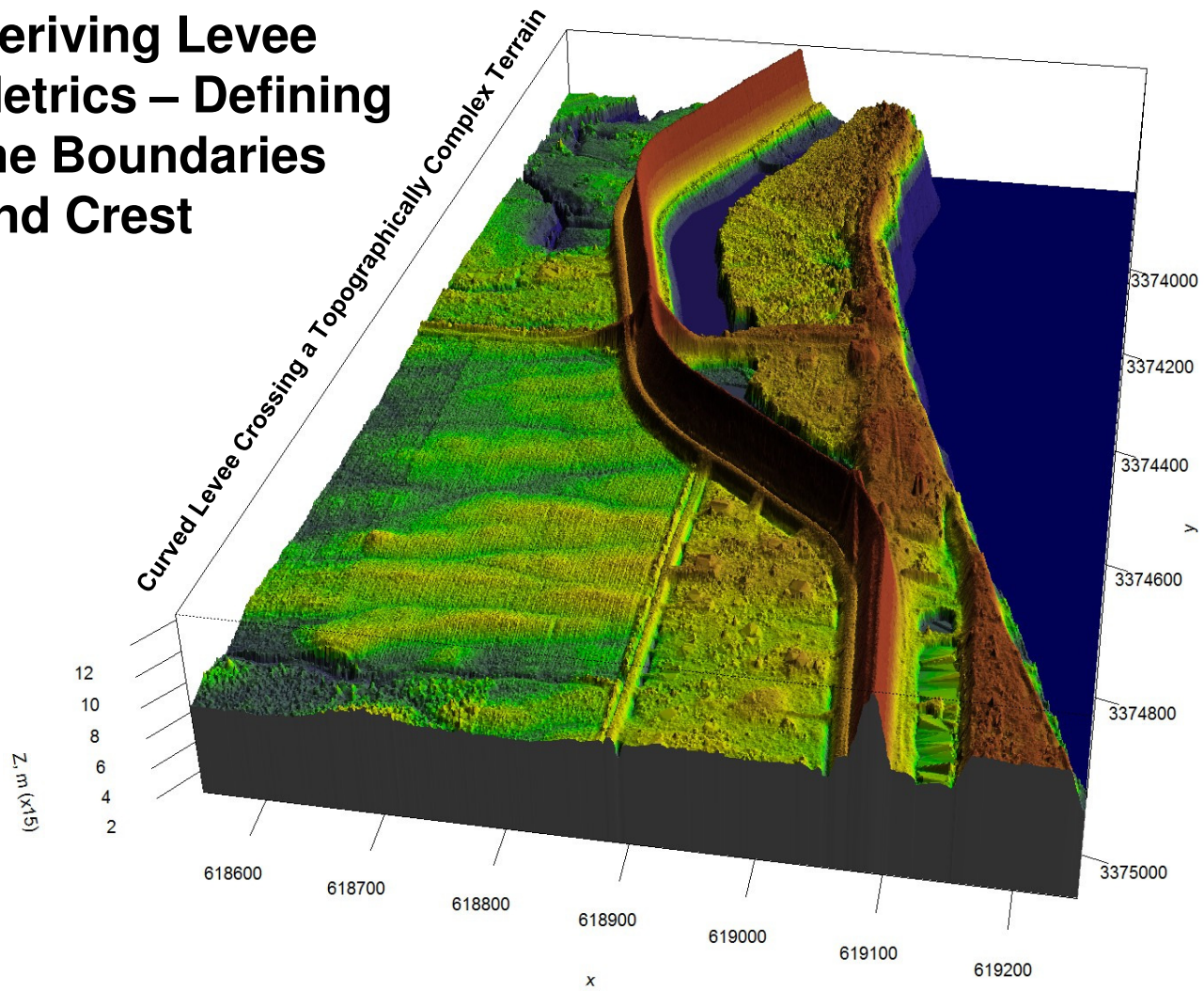
# Levee DEM Based on 2<sup>nd</sup> Generation Lidar Topography



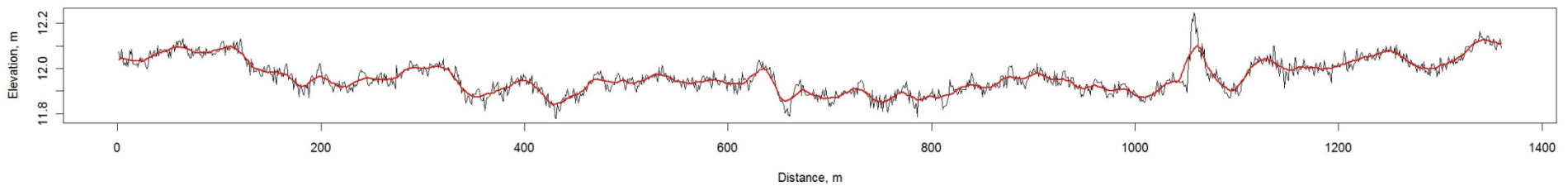
# Levee DEM Based on 2<sup>nd</sup> Generation Lidar Topography



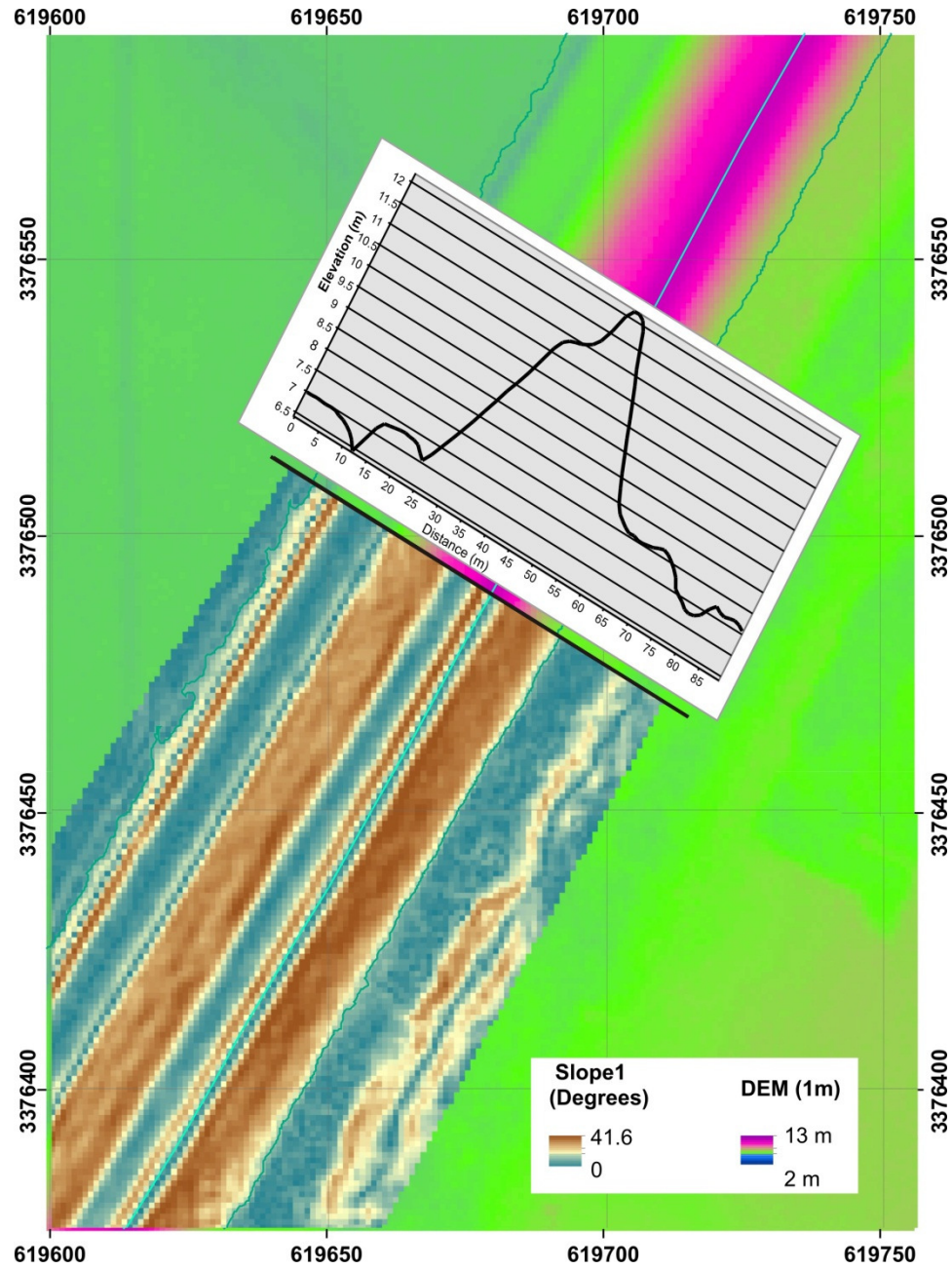
# Deriving Levee Metrics – Defining the Boundaries and Crest

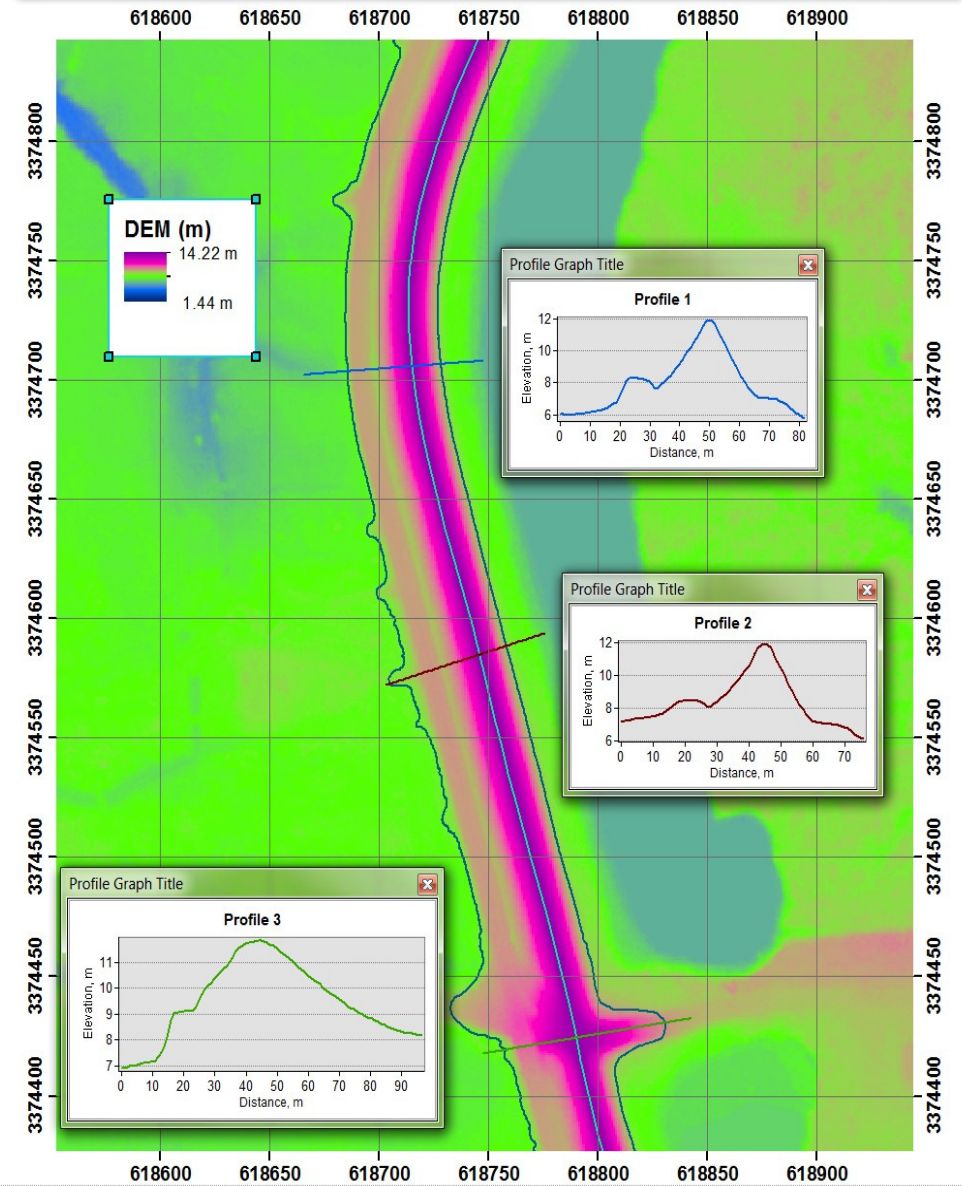
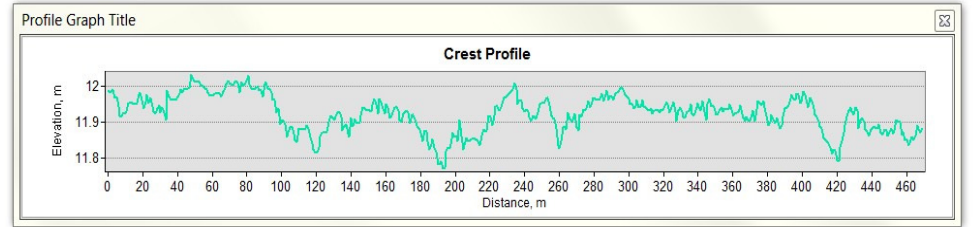
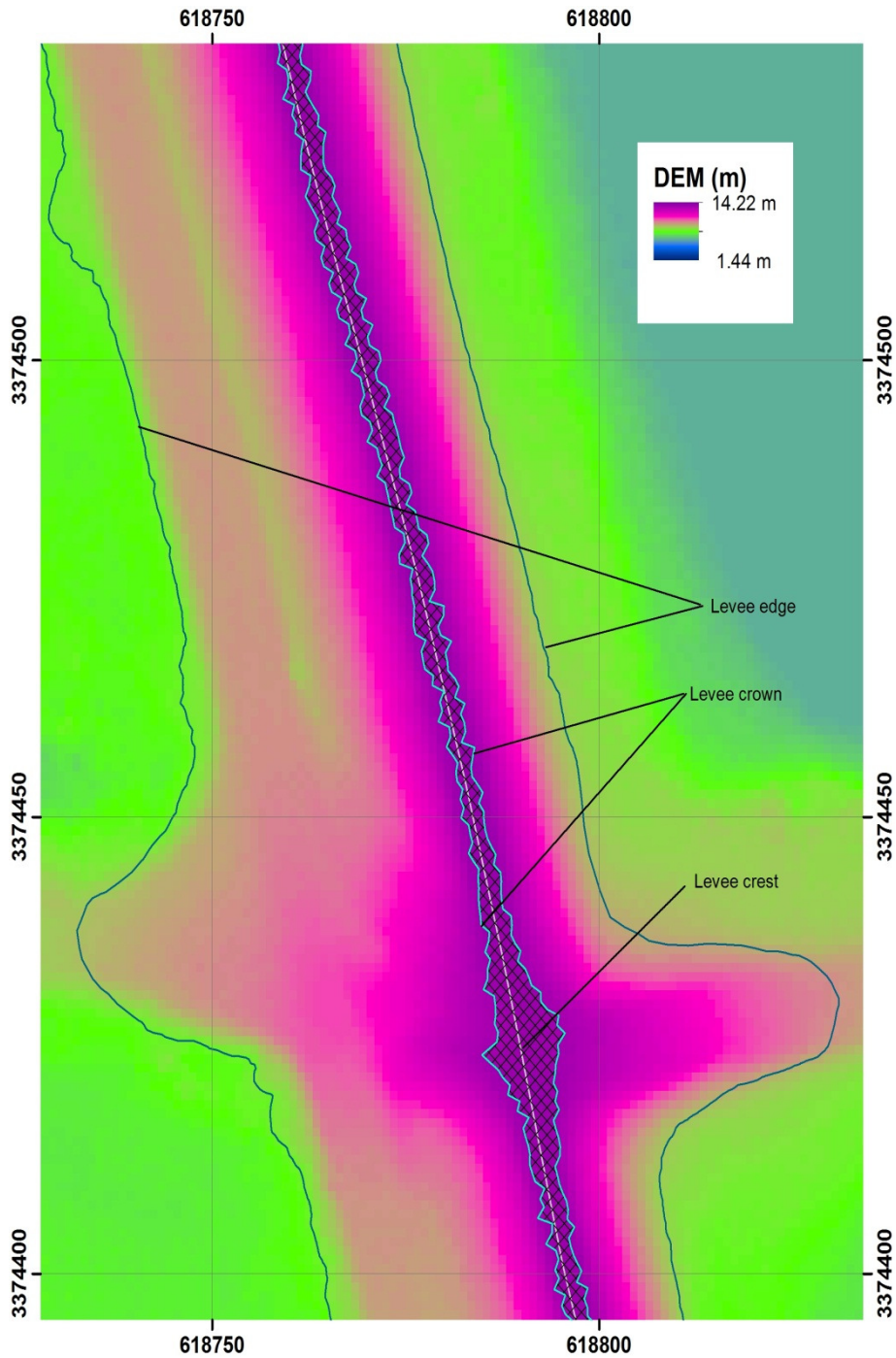


## Levee Crest Profile

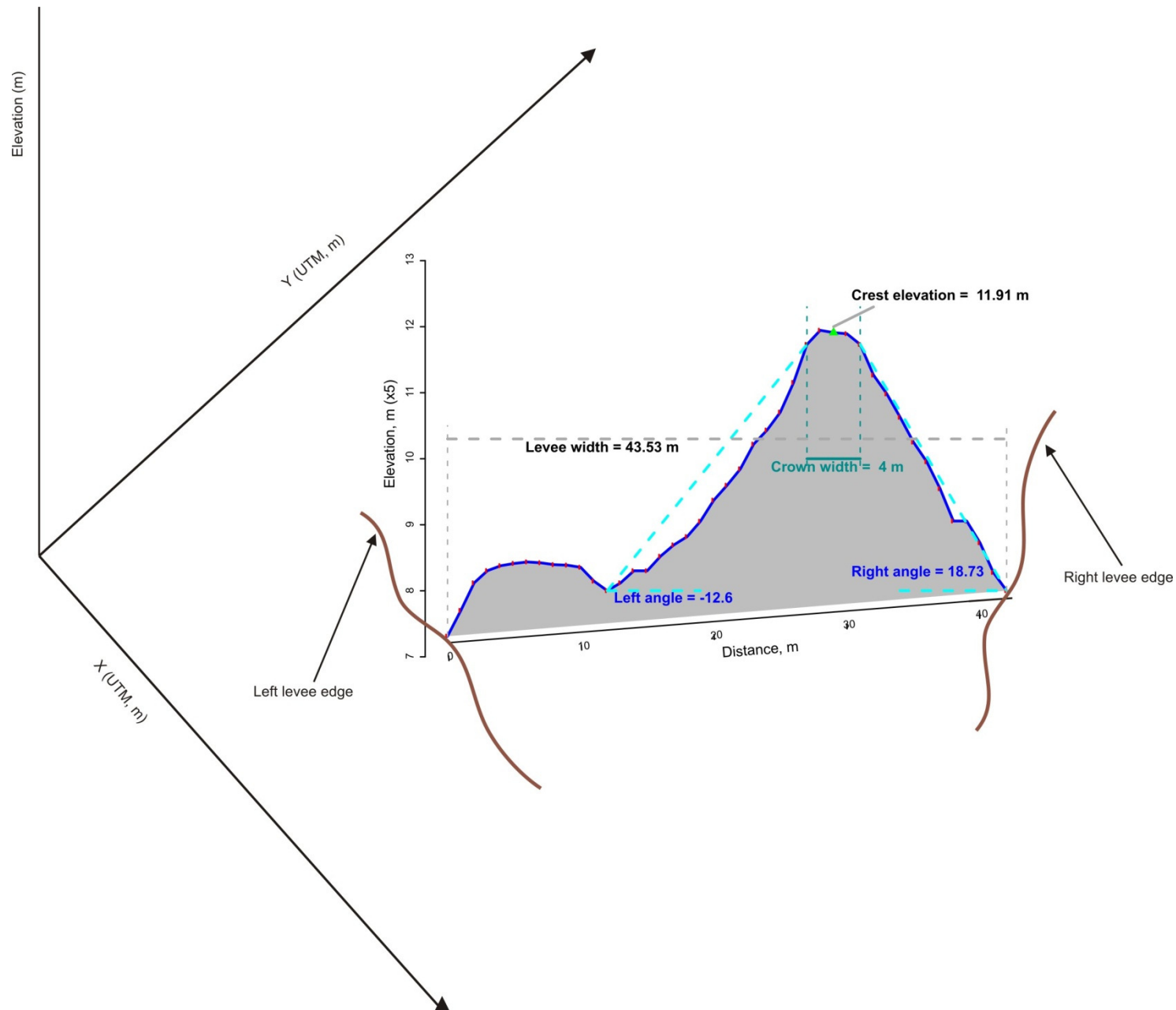


# Deriving Levee Metrics – Slope Profiles

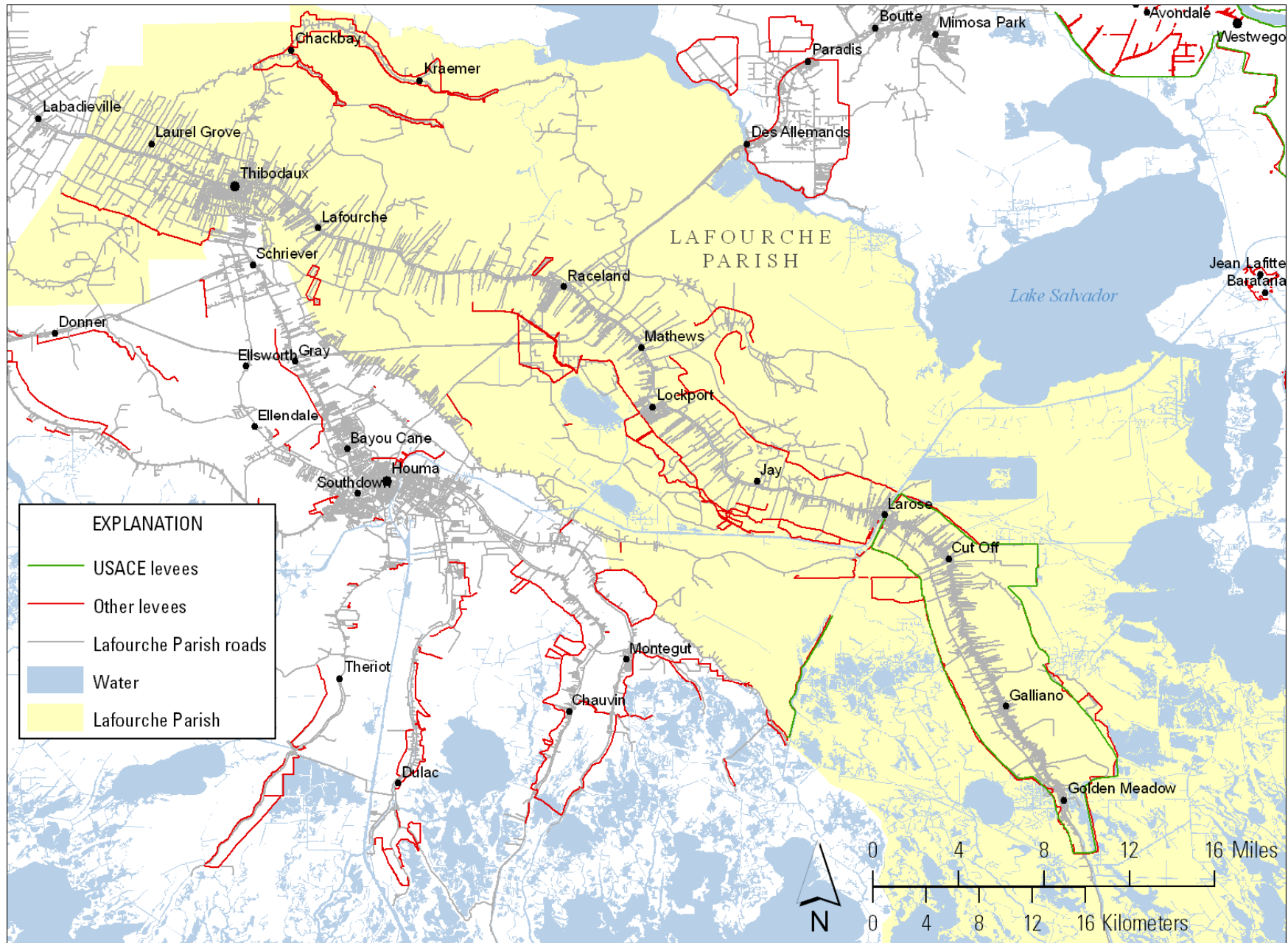




# Deriving Levee Metrics Based on the Analysis of Orthogonal Profiles



# Regional “Scaling Up” Levee Metrics Analysis Using a “Levee – Following” Airborne Lidar Survey in LaFourche Parish





# Summary

- **A USGS – sponsored partnership to create a multi-year program of airborne lidar acquisitions to cover all of coastal Louisiana has been established**
- **The successful pre-Summer 2011 flood Winter 2010 – 2011 airborne lidar survey of the Atchafalaya Basin will be repeated with expanded coverage in Winter 2011 - 2012**
- **Pilot analysis of 2<sup>nd</sup> generation lidar surveys during Winter 2010 – 2011 has led to an initiative to map and monitor of levees across the Mississippi River Delta Plain and Atchafalaya Basin using targeted “levee – following” airborne lidar collections**



# Acknowledgements

**USGS Coastal and Marine Geology Program, Reston, VA**

**USGS National Geospatial Program, Reston, VA**

**USGS National Wetlands Research Center, Lafayette, LA**

**Louisiana Coastal Protection and Restoration Authority,  
Baton Rouge, LA**

**US Army Corps of Engineers, New Orleans District, New  
Orleans, LA**